

Secondary Student Teaching Handbook

EDU4353 and EDU4354



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MARTIN LUTHER COLLEGE

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Preface

This handbook is dedicated to the students who attend the Lutheran secondary schools within the Wisconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod and to those who enjoy the privilege of serving in the ministry that seeks to lead these students ever closer to their Savior. Cooperating teachers and teacher candidates are ever mindful of striving for the welfare of those students under their care.

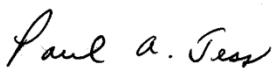
Because of the importance of student teaching, those in charge of the experience have undertaken a serious duty. As a cooperating teacher you assume the major responsibility for guiding the teacher candidate's development as a member of the teaching ministry. You and your work will probably have a greater impact and a more lasting influence upon your young colleague than that of any other person or experience involved in the teacher preparation program.

This handbook is to serve as one means of coordinating the efforts of all persons working in the Martin Luther College student teaching program. The information and suggestions it contains are intended to help make the student teaching experience contribute significantly to the training of competent teachers to serve in the church's ministry.

Your fellow teachers at Martin Luther College recognize the major task which rests on you as students and cooperating teachers. To the end that our combined efforts may serve to accomplish the objectives of the student teaching program, we pledge our cooperation with you, we express our willingness to help you in every possible way, and we assure you that our prayers are with you as you carry out your respective responsibilities.

Our gracious Lord promises to bless our efforts as we endeavor to carry out His mission to bring the Gospel message to many students who attend our secondary schools now and who will come under the guidance of future teachers who at this time will gain their student teaching experience in a variety of classrooms.

We pray that all of us will always keep focused on the goal to keep education in the WELS schools truly Christ-centered education. May God richly bless your work, supervisors and teacher candidates, during the student teaching term. To God alone be the glory!



Professor Paul A. Tess
Director of Field Experiences
Martin Luther College

*Information in this handbook is current as of August 1, 2019. Martin Luther College reserves the right to make changes in this handbook without advanced notice. The most current information can be found in the electronic version of the **2019-20 Secondary Student Teaching Handbook** on the MLC website.*

Martin Luther College Mission Statement

The mission of Martin Luther College is to train a corps of Christian witnesses who are qualified to meet the ministry needs of the Wisconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod (WELS) and who are competent to proclaim the Word of God faithfully and in accord with the Lutheran Confessions in the Book of Concord.

To fulfill this mission, Martin Luther College carries out all instruction and programs of student life according to the gospel as revealed in the inspired and inerrant Word of God. With the guidance of the Holy Spirit, the college desires

- To strengthen the student in a consecrated spirit of love for God and his Word;
- To educate the student for faithful, capable, intelligent citizenship in today's world;
- To assist the student in acquiring the knowledge, attitudes, and skills needed for service in the church and for lifelong learning; and
- To encourage the student in developing and demonstrating a heart for service in the church, community, and world.

To meet the current ministry needs of the WELS, Martin Luther College

- Prepares men for pastoral training at Wisconsin Lutheran Seminary;
- Prepares men and women for service as teachers and staff ministers in the synod's churches, schools, and other institutions;
- Prepares men and women for other church ministries both full and part-time, responding to the needs of the WELS;
- Prepares international students for ministry in partnership with WELS mission fields; and
- Provides programs of continuing education that meet the ministerial needs of the WELS.

The Student Teaching Program

Introduction

The Martin Luther College Student Teaching Program is based on the premise that student teaching is one of the most important phases of teacher preparation. It is designed to provide an opportunity for the future teacher to learn good teaching behavior by working with young adults under typical classroom conditions. Direct experience with teaching, learning, and living in the Lutheran high school permits the teacher candidate to test in practice principles learned in general and professional education courses. This experience is carried out under the guidance of a skillful teacher, who allows for variation according to the individual student's talents, interests, and needs.

Definition of Terms

1. **Student teaching.** A full-time professional experience during which a pre-service teacher is assigned to a Lutheran school for supervised teaching as a part of his/her college program. This course carries ten semester hours of credit.

2. **Teacher candidate.** A college student participating in student teaching. The term is used synonymously with student teacher or candidate.
3. **Cooperating teacher.** The selected classroom teacher who guides the daily experiences of the teacher candidate.
4. **College supervisor.** The member of the college faculty who is responsible for supervising and advising a group of teacher candidates and working together with cooperating teachers in the schools where teacher candidates are placed.
5. **Director of Field Experiences.** The member of the college faculty who is responsible for the administration of the student teaching program. The director oversees all field experiences required of pre-service Education students including the coordination of the student teaching program.
6. **Participating association or federation.** A group of congregations in fellowship with the Wisconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod and which agrees to make its facilities available for the student teaching program of Martin Luther College.
7. **Participating school.** A Lutheran secondary school which is controlled by an association or federation of congregations or the synod participating in the student teaching program of Martin Luther College.

Objectives of the Secondary Student Teaching Program

The major goals in full-time student teaching at the secondary level include effective classroom management, growth, and development in personal and professional competency, together with an awareness of the total scope of the functioning of a Lutheran secondary school. Through the student teaching experience, students should develop their proficiency as instructors, and continue to mature as responsible members of the teaching ministry. The student teaching experience at the secondary level should help to prepare students to meet the responsibilities they will face as beginning teachers in a secondary Lutheran school of our synod.

The following objectives should serve as a foundation on which to plan and evaluate the student teaching experience:

1. Work with experienced teachers to observe and learn effective teaching procedures.
2. Display the ability and willingness to cooperate with co-workers and supervisors in the school.
3. Utilize and refine those personal qualities, which will enhance the effectiveness of an individual teaching style.
4. Apply knowledge of principles and theories of teaching studied in college to a program of learning for high school-age students.
5. Work with young men and women and understand their growth and development.
6. Develop and refine effective secondary education strategies for classroom organization and time management of lessons.
7. Continue to develop ability to use a variety of effective methods of teaching.
8. Continue to learn to use materials and equipment that are available to a teacher.
9. Become acquainted with the community and the resources it offers a teacher.
10. Become acquainted with the total operation of the school, including school wide procedures and regulations.

11. Become acquainted with the co-curricular activities of a secondary Lutheran school and learn what roles the teachers are expected to fill in each of the activities.
12. Experience a deepening interest and desire to serve the church as a member of its teaching ministry.
13. Clarify and evaluate a personal philosophy of education.
14. Develop a better understanding of the relationships which exist between Lutheran elementary education and Lutheran secondary education, between Lutheran secondary education and the work of the WELS, and between the Lutheran secondary school and the supporting congregations.
15. Observe other experienced teachers in the student's major as well as in other subject areas.

Fundamental Agreements between the College and a Participating Lutheran Secondary School

1. Lutheran secondary schools declare their willingness to permit assignment of student teaching candidates to their schools with the understanding that
 - a. The governing board, principal, and selected participating teacher(s) are in full agreement.
 - b. The Lutheran secondary school retains sole jurisdiction over its school with the right to request removal of a teacher candidate for reasons deemed sufficient.
 - c. Cooperating teachers are given time to provide adequate supervision for teacher candidates assigned to them.
 - d. The principal will arrange for housing accommodations for teacher candidates.
 - e. Assignment of and ultimate responsibility for teacher candidates remains in the province of the college.
2. Cooperating teachers under supervision of the principal and guided by a college supervisor are responsible for leading and directing teacher candidates in their teaching experiences and other responsibilities concomitant to teaching, with the understanding that
 - a. This guidance and direction will be carried out in a way that agrees with the principles of Christian education held by the college.
 - b. Progress reports of teacher candidates will be completed according to schedule by cooperating teachers.
 - c. The college obligates itself to orient principals and teachers of participating schools to the total program.
 - d. Only one student is to be assigned to a cooperating teacher in a major subject area during a session.
3. It will always remain the prerogative of the college or the Lutheran secondary school to determine the continuation of the cooperative agreement from one year to the next.
4. The MLC staff through its Director of Field Experiences, will
 - a. Prepare a manual for participating principals, cooperating teachers, and teacher candidates.
 - b. Coordinate the student teaching program with the principal and teaching staff of a participating Lutheran secondary school.
 - c. Request from the principal a list of cooperating teachers willing to participate in the program.
 - d. Prepare and implement a schedule which assigns students to cooperating teachers in participating schools.
 - e. Orient the students assigned to the program through a special program at the beginning of each term.
 - f. Prepare and receive records from cooperating teachers about the experiences of teacher candidates that will provide useful and meaningful information for the placement of the student as a beginning teacher.

- g. Administer all affairs of the program and see that periodic visits to participating schools are made by the college supervisor.
- h. Carry on a continuous study to bring about changes and improvements in the program.
- i. Encourage and provide for an exchange of ideas among all involved with the student teaching program.

Responsibilities of the College Supervisor

The college supervisor is a member of the college faculty who as a supervisor of teacher candidates and co-worker of cooperating teachers

1. Assists in the orientation of principals and teachers in the student teaching program.
2. Orients the teacher candidates at the beginning of each term of student teaching.
3. Observes the teacher candidates in a variety of settings.
4. Consults with each teacher candidate and the cooperating teacher either individually or jointly, as circumstances indicate.
5. Gives help and guidance to teacher candidates, cooperating teachers, and principals relative to information that may be needed to improve the program and to resolve problems which may arise during the student teaching experience.
6. Gathers information about the teacher candidate that will be helpful in the placement of the student as a beginning teacher and files this information with the director of field experiences.
7. Is a source of encouragement and of counsel to the teacher candidates and to their cooperating teachers.
8. Is a liaison between MLC and the teacher candidate.

College Supervisor - Observations and Conferences

Usually the college supervisor is able to visit each teacher candidate at least four times during the term. The first visit ordinarily takes place within the first two weeks of the term and is devoted to such matters as the teacher candidate's schedule for the term, housing arrangements, and helping the student to become acquainted with the new situation. The college supervisor will make every effort to observe the teacher candidate's classes during the first visit.

During the subsequent visits to the school the college supervisor's work will involve a number of activities. He will read the teacher candidate's lesson plans and required reflective writings, observe the student's teaching, and confer with the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate in separate conferences. Occasionally, the college supervisor may wish to meet with the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate in a three-way conference. Each college supervisor arranges his schedule of classroom visits and conferences taking into consideration such things as the number of teacher candidates, number of schools to be visited and any special needs of the teacher candidates.

Visits via the use of technology may also be utilized. This option enables the college supervisor to make classroom observations and conduct conferences when travel may not be possible. It also allows MLC to place teacher candidates in settings outside of the Midwest.

Responsibilities of the Principal of a Participating School

The principal of a participating school is the official liaison between the college and the participating Lutheran secondary school. His special duties in the student teaching program of Martin Luther College include the following:

1. Represent the student teaching program of Martin Luther College to the secondary school's board of control.
2. Develop with his faculty and board the concept that participation in the student teaching program is an opportunity for sharing in the work of the church in order to prepare qualified teaching ministers as well as for professional growth of the faculty.
3. Encourage volunteer cooperating teachers to attend the MLC summer workshop for cooperating teachers.
4. Help orient new cooperating teachers to the student teaching program.
5. Assist in orienting the teacher candidates to the school and the community.
6. Foster acceptance of the teacher candidates among the students and faculty.
7. Assist the cooperating teachers in arranging for the teacher candidate to visit in other classrooms of the school.
8. Aid the cooperating teachers in reviewing the work of the teacher candidate as much as this is necessary.
9. Encourage the teacher candidates to participate in school and church activities and responsibilities outside the classroom.
10. Arrange for housing for the teacher candidates and file requisitions for the payment of expenses with the director of field experiences.
11. Give prospective hosts the information memo for hosts found below.

To: Prospective Hosts for a Martin Luther College Teacher Candidate

Thank you for considering serving as host for a teacher candidate from Martin Luther College. Having a comfortable home during the student teaching term will help a teacher candidate put forth her/his best effort in the classroom. The following information deals with housing arrangements in our student teaching programs.

1. The principal of the school is responsible for arranging housing for the teacher candidate(s) assigned to the school.
2. The college does not set a specific amount of money to be paid to you for your services as host. You will receive a requisition form from the principal. On this form you are to indicate how much you feel you should receive for hosting a teacher candidate for the student teaching term. We appreciate the fact that hosts have traditionally been conservative in requisitioning reimbursement from MLC (see special note below).

MLC reimburses hosts for room and board during the student teaching term. We do not reimburse hosts for the teacher candidate's use of telephone or for car/mileage expenses.

SPECIAL NOTE: Teacher candidates who live in off-campus housing and who will student teach off-campus pay a fee, which is used to cover student expenses for host housing requisitions, school hot lunch expenses, and costs to administer the student teaching program. To make it possible to cover

these expenses, we are not able to honor housing requisitions over \$855 for the ten week experience and \$515 for the six week SPED experience.

Your requisition needs to be submitted by June 15, 2020 in order to receive payment.

MLC's fiscal year ends June 30 and the business office requests all invoices for the year be paid by that date. Thank you for your prompt submission of your invoice.

If you submit a requisition that is lower than the projected average amount, please note the following: Tax laws do not allow us to acknowledge your generosity with a charitable contribution receipt. However, since Martin Luther College is a religious, charitable institution, you may wish to consult your tax advisor about any tax benefits you may be eligible for as a result of housing our teacher candidate. An acknowledgement letter confirming your service will be sent after the student teaching session is completed.

Also, please be aware of the following for tax purposes:

In keeping with state and federal laws, money received from MLC for hosting a student is taxable income. Hosts who request reimbursement in the amount of \$600 or more will receive a "1099 Miscellaneous Tax Form" at the end of that year.

Expectations for a Host of an MLC Teacher Candidate

1. Hosts are expected to provide the teacher candidate a private bedroom, bathroom access, and an area to study. Most teacher candidates also appreciate laundry service.
2. Hosts are expected to provide or arrange for meals each day. We do not expect meals to be any more elaborate than customary for the host. MLC does not expect teacher candidates to do their own grocery shopping. Some may want to assist in meal preparation. As guests, we expect teacher candidates to offer to assist in clean-up after meals.
3. Hosts are not expected to provide the teacher candidate a car or pay for gas. It is the responsibility of the teacher candidate and principal to arrange for transportation and for the teacher candidate to pay for these costs. Most MLC teacher candidates have cars. Please arrange for parking while the teacher candidate is staying with you.
4. Before teacher candidates leave the college for student teaching, we go through the house guest etiquette found in this handbook.
5. Teacher candidates appreciate internet accessibility.
6. If any problems arise, discuss your concerns with the teacher candidate first. If necessary, contact the principal and the college supervisor for help in solving any difficulties.

Guidelines for Selecting Cooperating teachers

1. The principal of a participating school will indicate to the college which teachers on the faculty are willing to serve as cooperating teachers.
2. The director of field experiences in consultation with the college supervisor will select supervising teachers. In making these selections, he will consider the following:
 - a. Under normal circumstances, teacher candidates will not be assigned to teachers having fewer than two years teaching experience.
 - b. Usually no more than three teacher candidates will be assigned to a Lutheran secondary school during the same term.
 - c. Supervisors must hold a current secondary teaching license in their discipline.
3. All teachers who serve as cooperating teachers are encouraged to participate in a summer workshop for participating teachers at least once during their career as a supervisor of teacher candidates. This one-week workshop rotates from New Ulm, to Watertown, to Milwaukee, and to Appleton-Manitowoc on an annual basis to accommodate the needs of participating teachers.
4. The college prefers to assign students to only those teachers who have completed or are in the process of completing requirements for synodical certification.

Responsibilities of the Cooperating teacher

The role of the cooperating teacher is one of the most important components of the program. In his/her influential role the cooperating teacher is to:

1. Become thoroughly acquainted with the Martin Luther College student teaching program.
2. Attend the MLC summer workshop for cooperating teachers, if possible.
3. Cooperate with the principal in orienting the teacher candidate to the school and the community.
4. Orient the teacher candidate to the classroom and the routine of the classroom.
5. Acquaint themselves with the background of the teacher candidate through material sent by the college.
6. Prepare the students for the arrival and function of the teacher candidate.
7. Provide the teacher candidate an opportunity to observe techniques of working with a group and to participate in class and co-curricular activities before the student is given full responsibility for the classroom.
8. Arrange for the teacher candidate to observe other classrooms in the high school to observe other teaching styles and techniques that would be beneficial for the teacher candidate's professional development.
9. Acquaint the teacher candidate with writing, filing, and using student records.
10. Acquaint the teacher candidate with available instructional materials, supplies, and equipment.
11. Guide and assist the teacher candidate in establishing objectives, organizing long-range lesson outlines, and daily lesson plans.
12. Encourage resourcefulness and self-evaluation on the part of the teacher candidate.
13. Observe the student's teaching and provide meaningful and specific feedback that will foster improvement and provide encouragement to the student.
14. Evaluate the student's teaching through analysis of the teacher candidate's self-evaluation, conferences with the student, check lists, and report forms.
15. Provide for professional growth of the teacher candidate by requiring attendance at faculty meetings and supply or suggest educational literature for the student's enrichment.
16. Touch base/conference with the teacher candidate on a daily basis.
17. By example, encourage Christian conduct.
18. Cooperate with all other personnel in carrying out the student teaching program in all its details and consult with the college supervisor regarding any problems that arise in working with the teacher candidate.
19. Present an evaluation of the student's performance through the director of field experiences following the close of the term.
20. Encourage the teacher candidate to participate in the events and activities of the school and to become involved in a federation or association congregation as opportunities and schedule permit.

Responsibilities of the Teacher Candidate

Most teacher candidates are aware of the importance of the student teaching experience. They anticipate that it will be both a satisfying experience and that their classroom work will have prepared them for these experiences. The following items highlight many aspects of their student teaching experience. Supervisors can assist the teacher candidate to attend conscientiously to these matters which will contribute to a successful student teaching term.

Responsibilities as a Person

1. Complete the *Personal Information Form* (see appendix) as a means of providing an introduction to the cooperating teacher.
2. Reflect personal faith in the Savior. Let the students sense that teaching the Word is an expression of faith rather than just teaching another subject.
3. Display social skills and sensitivity as a cultured, mature Christian.
 - a. Use the formal mode of address (Mr., Miss, Mrs.) when speaking to the cooperating teacher and others unless he or she indicates that a first-name basis is appropriate.
 - b. Deal cooperatively and tactfully with the staff in the school.
 - c. Be a congenial and thoughtful guest in relationships with those who are hosts for the student teaching term. (cf. "House Guest Etiquette," p.13)
4. Use every opportunity to become acquainted with the students, the faculty, members in the congregation, and the community.
5. Display cheerfulness and a positive outlook.
6. Show interest, initiative, and resourcefulness in attacking and solving problems.
7. Seek and recognize the achievement of others. Be ready, willing, and gracious in acknowledging their success.
8. Be considerate of others, especially the cooperating teacher. Give assistance whenever possible. Be sure to return materials and equipment to their proper places after using them.
9. Avoid discussion of personalities and other forms of gossip. Criticism of teachers, the administration, parents, the school's facilities, or related matters does not reflect a Christian attitude.
10. Have a receptive attitude toward suggestions and constructive criticism. If unsure about any matter, ask your supervisor, principal, or college supervisor.
11. Do not allow personal activities to interfere with the student teaching experience. Teacher candidates are teachers in the Lutheran secondary school in which they are serving. Spirit-worked values should guide the use of time.
 - a. Teacher candidates should not leave for more than two weekends during the student teaching term. Emergencies, of course, are exceptions. Be sure to inform the cooperating teacher, principal, host, and college supervisor well in advance if plans are made to leave for a weekend.
 - b. Having visitors can also interfere with the time needed during weekends to plan and prepare. Consider tactfully suggesting a limit to visits.
 - c. Communication with students of a personal nature via electronic means (e.g., Facebook, texting) should not occur.

12. Do not use cell phones and computers for personal use during the school day. When emergencies arise requiring their need, ask for permission of the classroom teacher and seek his/her advice on how best to handle emergency communication inside the classroom.

Responsibilities as a Teacher Candidate

1. Prepare carefully and in detail for each day. It is not enough to be ready to "stand and deliver." Teacher candidates should try to anticipate and prepare for the unexpected.
2. Strive for understanding and application of principles rather than mere imitation of others.
3. Get to know the students through observation, conferences, and examination of daily work, test scores, and school records. However, avoid a peer relationship with the students. Proper student-teacher relationships contribute considerably to successful teaching and learning.
4. School records, especially student data, are confidential. Such information helps teachers in their efforts to teach effectively. It should not be the topic of casual conversation.
5. Offer willingly to help prepare reports, grade papers, keep records, and assist with other tasks. Take the initiative to help with the physical conditions of the classroom such as light, heat, ventilation, learning materials, and equipment.
6. Plan with the cooperating teacher and gradually develop independence both in planning and presenting lessons.
7. Abide by all regulations which apply to students and teachers. Teacher candidates are not visitors with a privileged status; rather, they are fellow workers subject to established standards.
8. Teacher candidates may be expected, as is any teacher, to give extra time to help students solve their problems and to participate in extra-curricular activities.
9. Complete the *Weekly Activity Report* (see appendix) promptly each week.

Responsibilities as a Servant in the Lutheran Secondary School

1. Be an example of Christian living in all circumstances.
2. Male students are expected to lead one chapel service.
3. Become aware of and sensitive to accepted standards of propriety which prevail in the school and association. For example, in matters of smoking, having a drink in a public place, or in manner of dress, remember some things may be acceptable in one congregation but may give offense in another. Prompted by Christian love "...put no stumbling block in anyone's path so that our ministry will not be discredited." 2 Cor. 6:3 (NIV).
4. Participate in the life and activities of the school. The teacher candidate's position as observer, participant, or leader will be determined cooperatively by him or her, the cooperating teacher, and the principal.
5. Develop competence in facets of life in a federation or association congregation such as youth work, part-time educational agencies, Bible classes, and choir.
6. Encourage the work of preaching and teaching ministry as a lifetime vocation among the student body of the school. Whenever the opportunity arises, foster the desire to further the work of the Church among all people.

House Guest Etiquette

Students of Martin Luther College are Christian women and men. You will live as guests with host families during the student teaching term and represent the Christian ministry and the college. Your representation should be in a positive manner.

Living with hosts will require greater sensitivity to social etiquette than dormitory living generally demands. Some of the following suggestions deal with rather mundane matters of daily living. However, concern in observing these guidelines will be appreciated by the host and by all others involved in the student teaching experience. We trust that you will receive them with the same spirit in which they are offered.

1. To be a sensitive and cultured guest

- a. keep your room "picked up" at all times.
- b. arrange to use the shower at times of mutual convenience.
- c. cleanup after yourself each time you've finished using the bathroom, (i.e. hang towels where they belong, and take clothing back to your room.)
- d. complete grooming in your room. (Others in the household may also need to use the bathroom before going to work.)

2. The host will appreciate it if

- a. you are ready for meals at the appointed time.
- b. he/she is informed well in advance if you will be eating out.
- c. your table manners are correct.
- d. you ask before bringing food or beverages into your room.
- e. you follow the house rules. (Respect the wishes of your host in regard to smoking and all other matters.)

3. The considerate guest will

- a. be careful not to arouse or disturb the family after the family has retired.
- b. not take guests of the opposite sex into your private room.
- c. not monopolize the living room in any way; for example, with visitors or use of the TV.
- d. not expect the host to house friends overnight. If you do have overnight visitors, it is suggested you make arrangements for your guest(s) to stay at a local motel.
- e. write a thank you note to the host family before you leave to return to campus.

Guidelines during Student Teaching

Student Teaching Housing

Off-campus teacher candidates are not to make housing arrangements on their own. This responsibility rests with the principal of each participating school.

Teacher Candidates as Substitute Teachers

Under ordinary circumstances teacher candidates should not be expected to serve as substitute teachers. Asking a teacher candidate to serve as a substitute early in the student teaching term could have an adverse effect on the entire experience. Having teacher candidates substitute without supervision for an extended period of time may interfere with their progress in developing teaching skills. If there is an apparent need to use teacher candidate substitutes, the college supervisor should be consulted.

Teacher Candidate Attendance at Teachers' Conferences

Teacher candidates are expected to attend teachers' conferences that are held during the student teaching term. Attending these conferences may involve expenses for the teacher candidate. Many

schools help teacher candidates by paying for expenses at the same rate they reimburse their teachers. However, expenses incurred for attendance at such conferences are the responsibility of the teacher candidates. No reimbursement for conference expenses is available to either the participating school or the teacher candidates.

Absences during the Student Teaching Term

Students should follow the calendar of the school in which he/she is teaching in his/her professional semester, being present at the school all day each scheduled day of the experience.

From time to time teacher candidates become ill and may need to stay home. In such situations, the teacher candidates should text or phone the cooperating teacher as soon as possible. In addition the absence should be logged in the MLC Portal (Attendance>Schedule Field Exp Absence). When the absence is submitted, an email notification is sent to the cooperating teacher, school administrator, and college supervisor.

At other times, teacher candidates may need to be excused for medical appointments, funerals, etc., the candidate should request an excused absence in advance of the day. The request is made through the Portal (Attendance > Schedule Field Exp Absence). When the request is approved, an email notification is sent to the cooperating teacher, school administrator, and the candidate.

Students will not be excused in order to take professional exams.

In the event of a snow day or in-service day (that teacher candidates are not expected to attend), candidates should log in to the Portal and report the event under "school closed." The absence does not count toward the maximum allowed.

The director of field experiences is responsible for determining the length and amount of make-up days when absences exceed two times.

Weekend Absences for Teacher Candidates

The demands for planning and preparing to teach will often require teacher candidates to use weekend hours to complete their work. In addition, while the main focus of the student teaching experience is the teacher's work in the classroom, it is also intended to help teacher candidates understand the role of a teacher in the broader scope of a Lutheran secondary school. To achieve that goal, it is important that the teacher candidate participates in the activities of that school. For these reasons, teacher candidates are advised that they are expected to remain at their assigned schools during the weekends. A student should not be absent for an entire weekend more than twice during the student teaching session, excluding holidays and conferences. (*SPED Note: Because of your six-week experience, A student should not be absent for an entire weekend more than once during the student teaching session.*)

A teacher candidate who plans to be absent for a weekend should discuss his/her plans with the cooperating teacher, college supervisor, and host as far in advance as possible. The teacher candidate is responsible for having his/her work planned and prepared in advance so that there is no disruption in the teaching schedule.

Teacher Candidate's Use of a Car

Due to liability concerns, the college prohibits teacher candidates from using their cars to furnish transportation for students who are participating in school activities such as athletic events or class trips.

Traveling to Off-Campus Student Teaching Locations

Candidates are responsible for transportation *to* and *from* student teaching as well as during the experience. As a result, teacher candidates are encouraged to have a vehicle during the student teaching term. The college does not cover the costs for transportation. Arrangements may be possible in which teacher candidates share rides and costs of travel for those going to the same area. However, in making

placement decisions, the Field Experiences Office will not consider the individual transportation needs of teacher candidates.

Co-curricular Activities and Employment

Teacher candidates are discouraged from becoming involved in college co-curricular activities and employment during the student teaching session in order to give full attention to this experience. Any exceptions should be cleared with the director of field experiences and shared with the college supervisor and cooperating teacher.

Mail during Student Teaching

For teacher candidates that are living with a host family, campus mailboxes will be closed and mail will be forwarded to the school at which the teacher candidate is working. Prior to the teacher candidates return to MLC, mail will be held on campus and distributed via the campus mailboxes.

Teacher Candidate Insurance Coverage

Liability insurance is provided by Martin Luther College for all teacher candidates. The primary limit of liability is \$1,000,000.

Criminal Background Check

Completion of a satisfactory background check is required for working with children. The teacher candidate must authorize the background check and give permission to release the results to MLC. Upon approval, a letter of good standing is sent to partner schools on behalf of the student. Some schools require a copy of the background check in which case; the student will be responsible for providing the school a copy.

Sexual Harassment

MLC adheres to all guidelines regarding sexual harassment in the work place. A teacher candidate, who feels an incident of sexual harassment has occurred, should first report the incident to his/her cooperating teacher. If satisfactory resolution of the incident is not obtained, the teacher candidate should then report the occurrence to his/her college supervisor. If necessary, the college supervisor will report the incident to the director of field experiences.

Likewise, participating school personnel should report any incidents of sexual harassment on the part of a teacher candidate to the cooperating teacher, and then to the college supervisor of the teacher candidate. If further resolution of the incident is warranted, the college supervisor will report the incident to the director of field experiences.

Use of Social Media

Candidates are to refrain from contacting students through social media such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, and Snapchat. Local school policies may allow such communication, but MLC wants to be proactive in helping candidates avoid a potential problem area. Communicating with students via social media may result in dismissal from student teaching.

Immediately go to any social media sites you manage (Facebook, MySpace, LinkedIn, etc.) and clean up photos and other content that might be offensive to viewers. Change your privacy settings so that only people you absolutely want to visit can find you. Remove any photos that show you in a swimsuit, drinking alcohol, acting silly, or represent you in any less-than-professional way. Remove any posts that use off-color language or inappropriate humor. Check your "likes" to make sure that anything you've liked in the past is something that a Christian role model actually should like. One of the first things some of your cooperating teachers and people in your congregation will do is an Internet search for your name.

In the future, use good judgment about what you post and whom you "friend" and allow to see your posts. Don't pour your heart out in a status update that reflects your latest mood. Don't ever make negative comments about your church or school and people involved with them. Remember, it's easy to post something and then forget who sees it. Discernment and good judgment are the marks of good character.

Minnesota Licensure Requirements

During the student teaching term, each student must strive to meet the MN Standards of Effective Practice (see below) in order to be eligible for Minnesota state licensure. Cooperating teachers complete *EDU4353 – Secondary Teacher Candidate Evaluation Report – Form A-B* (see appendix) to verify the student has successfully met each standard.

While student teaching, each student will also be collecting evidence for his/her portfolio to demonstrate he/she has satisfactorily met the MN standards of effective practice. The required models of evidence and other pertinent information concerning the portfolio are described in the Portfolio Handbook.

MN Standards of Effective Practice

These objectives of the Teacher Education Program are consonant with the MN Standards of Effective Practice that the Minnesota Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board requires of those seeking state licensure.

Standard 1 (Subject Matter)

The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and can create learning experiences that make these aspects of subject matter meaningful for students.

Standard 2 (Student Learning)

The teacher understands how children learn and develop and can provide learning opportunities that support their intellectual, social, and personal development. (This standard is also interpreted to mean spiritual development.)

Standard 3 (Diverse Learners)

The teacher understands how students differ in their approaches to learning and creates instructional opportunities that are adapted to diverse learners.

Standard 4 (Instructional Strategies)

The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage students' development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills.

Standard 5 (Learning Environment)

The teacher uses an understanding of individual and group motivation and behavior to create a learning environment that encourages positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.

Standard 6 (Communication)

The teacher uses knowledge of effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques to foster active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction in the classroom.

Standard 7 (Planning Instruction)

The teacher plans instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the community, and curriculum goals.

Standard 8 (Assessment)

The teacher understands and uses formal and informal assessment strategies to evaluate and ensure the continuous intellectual, social, and physical development of the learner.

Standard 9 (Reflection and Professional Development)

The teacher is a reflective practitioner who continually evaluates the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (students, parents, and other professionals in the learning community) and who actively seeks out opportunities to grow professionally.

Standard 10 (Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships)

The teacher fosters relationships with school colleagues, parents, and agencies in the larger community to support students' learning and well-being.

Note: For detailed explanation of each standard, please see appendix for *8710.2000 MN Standards of Effective Practice for Teachers*.

8710.2100 Code of Ethics for Minnesota Teachers

Subpart 1. Scope

Each teacher, upon entering the teaching profession, assumes a number of obligations, one of which is to adhere to a set of principles which defines professional conduct. These principles are reflected in the following code of ethics, which sets forth to the education profession and the public it serves standards of professional conduct and procedures for implementation.

This code shall apply to all persons licensed according to rules established by the Minnesota Board of Teaching.

Subp. 2. MN Standards of professional conduct

The MN standards of professional conduct are as follows:

- A. A teacher shall provide professional education services in a nondiscriminatory manner.
- B. A teacher shall make reasonable effort to protect the student from conditions harmful to health and safety.
- C. In accordance with state and federal laws, a teacher shall disclose confidential information about individuals only when a compelling professional purpose is served or when required by law.
- D. A teacher shall take reasonable disciplinary action in exercising the authority to provide an atmosphere conducive to learning.
- E. A teacher shall not use professional relationships with students, parents, and colleagues to private advantage.
- F. A teacher shall delegate authority for teaching responsibilities only to licensed personnel.
- G. A teacher shall not deliberately suppress or distort subject matter.
- H. A teacher shall not knowingly falsify or misrepresent records or facts relating to that teacher's own qualifications or to other teachers' qualifications.
- I. A teacher shall not knowingly make false or malicious statements about students or colleagues.
- J. A teacher shall accept a contract for a teaching position that requires licensing only if properly or provisionally licensed for that position.

Phases of the Student Teaching Experience

Four major phases of the student teaching experience are considered in this section of the handbook. They are orientation, observation, participation, and induction into teaching. The listing of these phases is not intended to suggest that they are to be provided sequentially. Although these phases will receive

emphasis during different parts of the student teaching term, ideally, the teacher candidate should experience each of them throughout the session.

Orientation

A good beginning in the experience is important to the teacher candidate. Although orientation is regarded as very significant during the early stages of student teaching, it is most effective when it is a continuous process throughout the student teaching term. The following identifies some of the responsibilities for helping the teacher candidate feel at home, and some suggestions for carrying out these responsibilities.

At the College

The college will assist in orientation by

1. Making available to the teacher candidate informational material which has been sent to the college by the principals of the schools to which the student has been assigned.
2. Reviewing basic principles of teaching and discussing the general policies, rules, and regulations of the student teaching program.
3. Making available to the cooperating teacher the *Personal Information Form*, which the teacher candidate has completed.

At the Participating School

The principal and other teaching personnel assist in orientation by

1. Introducing the teacher candidate to other colleagues, the host, governing board, association/federation members, congregational members, and helping her/him to become acquainted with the community.
2. Providing the teacher candidate with a general introduction to the school facilities, program, policies, and school and congregational activities.
3. Extending an invitation to attend faculty meetings, thus making the teacher candidate feel accepted as a member of the faculty.

Cooperating teachers assume the greatest responsibility for helping the teacher candidate become acquainted with the school and area congregations. One aspect of this responsibility is preparing the students for the teacher candidate's arrival and considering how they will become acquainted with each other. Additional aspects of orientation relate to the ongoing activities common to a teacher's work. The suggestions in the following sections may be helpful in orientating the teacher candidate.

Preparing the Students

1. Show enthusiasm for the coming experience. Both students and the teacher candidate will reflect the cooperating teacher's attitude.
2. Prepare the students in advance for the teacher candidate's arrival. Generally, it is better to announce her/his arrival fairly close to the beginning of the term. What is done to prepare your students may be influenced by previous experiences the school and/or supervisors may have had with a student teaching program.
3. Use the information on the *Personal Information Form* to give the students some information about their teacher candidate.
4. Explain why the teacher candidate is coming. This will develop in them an understanding of one phase of our church's work and the specialized training a teacher receives.
5. Make clear that the teacher candidate is a member of the school's faculty who has the authority and

responsibilities of other faculty members. Enlist the student's cooperation in making the teacher candidate's stay a pleasant one.

6. Introduce the teacher candidate to the students in a manner that will foster their respect and that will encourage them to recognize the teacher candidate as an authority figure in the classroom.

General Orientation

1. Get to know the teacher candidate as a person through informal conversation.
2. Have a place arranged in the room for the teacher candidate if homerooms are utilized and/or provide some type of office space for on-campus prep and consultation.
3. Invite the teacher candidate to browse in the school to discover where materials are kept.
4. Help the teacher candidate become acquainted with the students and to develop proper relationships with them.
5. Give the teacher candidate responsibilities that will identify him/her as a teacher.
6. Make certain that the teacher candidate's first experiences with the class are positive.
7. Explain the community and congregational backgrounds which influence school activities.
8. Show confidence in your teacher candidate by encouraging initiative and resourcefulness in carrying out the tasks you assign.
9. Demonstrate that good planning promotes an effective learning environment.
10. Acquaint the teacher candidate with the following general policies of your school:
 - a. The organization of the teaching program
 - b. The teacher candidate's responsibility in this program
 - c. The use of school records
 - d. Acquiring and using supplies and materials, teaching aids, including technology
 - e. The kinds and uses of textbooks and reference materials
 - f. The handling of disciplinary problems and working with students who have exceptional needs in the classroom
 - g. The activities of students and teachers on and off campus
 - h. The use of special rooms in the building: gymnasium, library, faculty lounge, and workroom
 - i. The use of the building for studying at night: use of lights and the time the teacher candidate is expected to leave
 - j. Responding to emergencies such as injury and fire
 - k. Teacher-student interaction

Observation

The teacher candidate is bound to a great extent by the program which the cooperating teacher has planned and implemented for the year. Eager to make a successful beginning, the teacher candidate realizes that he/she must teach within the framework the cooperating teacher has established. Thus, it is important that the cooperating teacher demonstrates and explains the procedures which are to be followed in his/her classroom and in the school.

During the period of time before assuming responsibility for teaching a class, the teacher candidate is an observer and participator in the classroom. Through observation the teacher candidate can study theory in practice. In order to make observation effective, it is vital that the cooperating teacher has the teacher candidate observe with a purpose. The cooperating teacher should be careful to limit the number of things the teacher candidate is to observe on a given day in order to provide a sharp focus to each observation.

In addition to setting up specific purposes for observing, the cooperating teacher should encourage the teacher candidate to record observations in writing for ready reference. It is all too easy to assume that once a procedure has been observed, the teacher candidate will remember how to follow it in the future.

Logically, observation is an extension of the concept of orientation. Like orientation, observation is of vital importance at the beginning of student teaching, but it will contribute most to the development of the teacher candidate if it is experienced throughout the student teaching term.

The cooperating teacher will help the teacher candidate become acquainted with the working of his/her classroom by directing observation toward routine procedures such as the following:

1. Student activities before school begins and after school ends
2. Time and procedure for chapel
3. Dismissal procedures at end of period, lunch, and end of day
4. Procedures for tardiness, absence, attendance
5. Procedures for incomplete and late assignments
6. Routines for announcements, homerooms, and classroom emergencies

The cooperating teacher will make the teacher candidate's observation of planning and teaching more productive by

1. Discussing the daily lesson plans with the teacher candidate before teaching a particular lesson.
2. Demonstrating how Christian principles are integrated in teaching and in maintaining classroom control.
3. Assigning specific items which the student is to observe in a lesson and discuss later during conferencing.
4. Having the teacher candidate take note of the following aspects of teaching a lesson:
 - a) The various methods used to introduce different lessons.
 - b) Motivational techniques used and their effect on student participation.
 - c) Variations in teaching procedures at different grade levels and at different stages in the learning process.
 - d) The ways in which individual differences are provided for in the classroom as well as in the school.
 - e) How flexibility in planning is applied in the teaching process.
 - f) The use of questions.
 - g) Evidences of the six components of a well-planned lesson.

The cooperating teacher may assist the teacher candidate in observing the students by

1. Discussing the general characteristics of students at the secondary level.
2. Discussing ways of getting their student's attention and holding their interest.
3. Helping the teacher candidate analyze learning and discipline problems that arise, considering the causes of the problems, and suggesting possibilities for taking care of the problems.
4. Noting students with exceptional needs in the classroom and discussing ways to work effectively with them.
5. Helping the teacher candidate see how students develop skills, concepts, and attitudes, and how they are led to apply these through effective teaching-learning situations.

The teacher candidate will bring a *Directed Observation Journal* to be completed during the first two weeks of student teaching. If the cooperating teacher has developed his/her own observation guide for the teacher candidate, he/she should use that guide in addition to the guide furnished by the college.

The teacher candidate will also bring a weekly *Reflection Journal* to record entries during student teaching as an assessment. The teacher candidate will be told the number of entries required prior to the student teaching session. We request that the cooperating teacher read and sign the journal entries of the teacher candidate.

Directed Observation Journal

Observation is one of the key components of the student teaching experience. Observation is most effective when it is done with a purpose and when it is recorded in writing for future reference. The journal is completed during the first two weeks of student teaching.

The Classroom Environment

- Label seating charts for the different classrooms.
- List non-verbal and verbal management cues and decide their effectiveness.
- List consequences for misconduct.
- Determine the cooperating teacher's style of classroom management.
- List concerns about one's own abilities to manage the learning environment in secondary school classrooms.
- Detect and record the components of a well-constructed lesson.
- Comment on the types of questioning techniques.
- Comment on the way in which the Christian perspective is incorporated in both instruction and aspects of management.
- List instructional strategies utilized to better accommodate students' learning styles.
- Comment on the availability and use of technology.

The School Environment

- Select a topic from the Faculty Handbook and comment both on its content and on the rationale for selecting this particular topic on which to write.
- Select a topic from the Student Handbook and comment both on its content and on the rationale for selecting this particular topic on which to write.
- Comment on the words, actions, perceived needs, etc. of adolescents.
- Interview one of several members of the school's administrative and support staff for the purpose of getting several adult perspectives about students in their school.

Participation

Participation is an integral part of observation. By participating actively in the total program the teacher candidate has an opportunity to gain direct knowledge of the entire school organization. From the very beginning of the student teaching term it is good practice to have the teacher candidate assume some responsibilities. The scope of these responsibilities will vary. Some types of activities in which the cooperating teacher may have the student participate are the following:

- Sharing in the planning of teaching and co-curricular activities
- Recording attendance before class begins
- Distributing supplies
- Preparing, locating, and setting up materials that will be used by the supervisor
- Assisting the supervisor by giving individual help to students
- Administering and checking tests
- Giving class assignments and checking written work
- Supervising a study period or co-curricular activity
- Teaching a portion of a lesson (such as introducing one selection in a choir/band rehearsal), or teaching just one lesson without having to take responsibility for the entire course at this time
- Participating with the cooperating teacher in a planned, isolated team teaching activity, again, without assuming the full load of the course

Induction into Teaching

If orientation, observation, and participation serve their purposes, the teacher candidate's initial teaching experience should prove to be successful. A teacher candidate may begin teaching classes as soon as the cooperating teacher is convinced that the student is ready to assume this responsibility. The decision should be a cooperative one. Normally, induction into teaching should proceed gradually. In this way, the teacher candidate will develop readiness to assume an increasing amount of teaching responsibility.

For student teaching purposes a full load is defined as five classes per day, up to three separate preparations, and help with a co-curricular activity.

A caution is in order at this point. Having the student assume the full teaching load too early in the term tends to interfere with one goal of the student teaching experience, namely, that the addition of teaching responsibilities should include careful and thoughtful study of planning, preparation, and teaching. Having the student take on too much too soon may defeat that purpose.

**Implementation Plan Template for Secondary Student Teaching
Full Load: 5 class hours, 3 different preps**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Week 1	Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach one section of first prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach one section of first prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach one section of first prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.
Week 2	ADD a second section of same prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach two sections of same prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach two sections of same prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach two sections of same prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach two sections of same prep. Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.
Week 3	ADD a third section of same prep OR a first section of a second prep. Continue observations.	Teach three sections of same prep OR three hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach three sections of same prep OR three hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach three sections of same prep OR three hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach three sections of same prep OR three hours of two different preps. Continue observations.
Week 4	ADD a fourth section of first prep OR a second section of a second prep. Continue observations.	Teach four sections of first prep OR four class hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach four sections of first prep OR four class hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach four sections of first prep OR four class hours of two different preps. Continue observations.	Teach four sections of first prep OR four class hours of two different preps. Continue observations.
Week 5	ADD final class hour to reach the full load: five class hours with three preps.	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 6	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 7	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 8	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 9	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 10	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	To be determined between Supervisor & Teacher Candidate.

This suggested scenario will need to be adjusted by supervisors and teacher candidates as necessary relative to classes, schedules, school calendars, etc. The college supervisor suggests that the supervisor creates such a matrix for his/her teacher candidate as a guide for the student teaching term.

The lesson to be taught on Wednesday of Week 1 may be team-taught as a way to introduce the student to the experience.

The teacher candidate can become involved in his/her co-curricular activity already in the first week and stay involved throughout the term.

A visit to other classrooms in the high school is encouraged to broaden the teacher candidate's professional experience. The teacher candidate should observe other teaching styles and techniques that would be beneficial for the teacher candidate's professional development

Note: Male teacher candidates will be scheduled to lead evening chapel at MLC prior to their student teaching experience. This should help prepare them to fulfill the requirement of leading a worship service at their high school.

Example Implementation Plan for Secondary Student Teaching
Subject Area: Mathematics (Algebra 1, Algebra II, Precalculus)
Full Load: 5 class hours, 3 different preps

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Week 1	Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th Hr. Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th Hr. Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th Hr. Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.
Week 2	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I Observe all class hours that will eventually be taught.
Week 3	Teach 7th & 3rd Hrs Algebra I ADD 4th Hr Algebra I OR 8th Hr Algebra II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I OR 7th & 3rd Hr Algebra I & 8th Hr Algebra II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I OR 7th & 3rd Hr Algebra I & 8th Hr Algebra II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I OR 7th & 3rd Hr Algebra I & 8th Hr Algebra II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I OR 7th & 3rd Hr Algebra I & 8th Hr Algebra II Continue observations.
Week 4	ADD another section of Algebra II for total teaching load of 4 class hours. Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I plus 8th Hr. Algebra II OR 7th & 3rd Hr. Algebra I plus 8th & 5th Hr. Alg. II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I plus 8th Hr. Algebra II OR 7th & 3rd Hr. Algebra I plus 8th & 5th Hr. Alg. II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I plus 8th Hr. Algebra II OR 7th & 3rd Hr. Algebra I plus 8th & 5th Hr. Alg. II Continue observations.	7th, 3rd, & 4th Hrs Algebra I plus 8th Hr. Algebra II OR 7th & 3rd Hr. Algebra I plus 8th & 5th Hr. Alg. II Continue observations.
Week 5	ADD one section of Precalculus for a total teaching load of 5 class hours.	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 6	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 7	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 8	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 9	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD	FULL LOAD
Week 10	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	REDUCED LOAD	To be determined between Supervisor & Teacher Candidate

This suggested scenario will need to be adjusted by supervisors and teacher candidates as necessary relative to classes, schedules, school calendars, etc. The college supervisor suggests that the supervisor creates such a matrix for his/her teacher candidate as a guide for the student teaching term.

The lesson to be taught on Wednesday of Week 1 may be team-taught as a way to introduce the student to the experience.

The teacher candidate can become involved in his/her co-curricular activity already in the first week and stay involved throughout the term.

Suggested 6 week Secondary Special Education Student Teaching Induction Plan

Subject Week	Prep 1 Section 1	Prep 1 Section 2	Prep 2 Section 1	Prep 2 Section 2	Prep 3 (if applicable)
1	X				
2	X	X			
3	X	X	X	X	
4	X	X	X	X	X
5	X	X	X	X	X
6	X	X	X	X	X

The Order of induction of particular preps is open to negotiation between the cooperating teacher and the teacher candidate.

This suggested scenario will need to be adjusted by supervisors and teacher candidates as necessary relative to classes, schedules, school calendars, etc. The college supervisor suggests that the supervisor creates such a matrix for his/her teacher candidate as a guide for the student teaching term.

The lesson to be taught on Wednesday of Week 1 may be team-taught as a way to introduce the student to the experience.

The teacher candidate can become involved in his/her co-curricular activity already in the first week and stay involved throughout the term.

A visit to other classrooms in the high school is encouraged to broaden the teacher candidate's professional experience. The teacher candidate should observe other teaching styles and techniques that would be beneficial for the teacher candidate's professional development

Note: Male teacher candidates will be scheduled to lead evening chapel at MLC prior to their student teaching experience. This should help prepare them to fulfill the requirement of leading a worship service at their high school.

Planning

While it is recognized that many good teachers do not continue to write detailed lessons plans, **no one can teach effectively without planning**. Therefore, planning must be an essential part of the student teaching experience. Careful planning provides for more effective learning on the part of the students, gives the teacher candidate a sense of ease and security in the classroom, and assists significantly in the prevention of serious behavior problems. In addition, through regular planning, the teacher candidate should develop the habit of planning and gain necessary experience in planning to meet the practical needs of the classroom.

All teacher candidates have had experience writing plans in their college professional education classes. The plans which the teacher candidate writes under the supervisor's guidance should be written to meet the requirements of the classroom situation. Thus, the ultimate outcome of planning in student teaching is that the teacher candidate begins to develop the ability to plan as an experienced teacher does. Rather detailed plans must be written at first, but as experience is gained block plans will be used.

Planning is the process of giving serious consideration to one's purposes and goals. Careful planning is done only when definite goals are recognized a series of instructional events leading to their accomplishment are selected. Such planning in teaching takes into account the nature of the subject matter and the materials available in teaching. These factors must be related to the learners: their needs, how and what they think, and how they react to situations.

Teacher candidates will do very little with course syllabus and teaching unit construction during their student teaching experience, relying instead upon that already done by their cooperating teachers. Much will be done, however, with daily and weekly lesson plans. **As a rule of thumb, 3 detailed lesson plans must be written for each separate preparation before the teacher candidate develops lessons using a block plan format. Plans should be submitted to the cooperating teacher at least 2 school days prior to implementation to allow time for revision if necessary.**

Cooperating teachers may well remember from their own beginnings how inexperience and youthful zeal can lead one to either overlook an important facet of teaching or to overemphasize another. Proper planning helps one to avoid such pitfalls of inexperience. Proper and regular planning for instruction also serves to provide a framework within which both Christian teachers and students can work together to serve their Lord as a reflection of their faith and as a witness to the community in which they live.

Evaluation

General Guidelines

Teacher candidates experience some tension and anxiety as they approach the task of guiding students' education in a classroom. These young people need the counsel and aid of experienced teachers. Evaluation is a very important phase of this assistance. By definition, evaluation of student teaching is the continuous process of appraising the growth of teaching competence as the teacher candidate guides the students' learning.

The purpose of evaluation is the improvement of the teacher candidate as one who lives well the role of a Christian teacher in the ministry of the Church. Improvement through evaluation is most likely to occur when it is a continuing process, beginning with the student's introduction into the classroom situation and continuing throughout the entire experience, including orientation, observation and participation, induction into teaching, and full time teaching.

The most improvement will occur, and continued growth in teaching competence will be assured, when the evaluation process includes realistic self-evaluation on the part of the teacher candidate. The cooperating teacher should encourage the teacher candidate to set teaching skill maintenance or improvement goals each week.

Characteristics of Effective Evaluation

Besides being continuous and productive of self-diagnosis, evaluation is

1. **Cooperative.** Teacher candidates, cooperating teachers, and college supervisors share in the process. Occasionally, the principal may also become involved. The teacher candidate's teaching competence is discussed in a helpful manner and with friendly understanding.
2. **Progressive.** Previous discussions and observations form the basis for each new evaluative conference.
3. **Specific.** The teacher candidate receives the most help when you make comments and suggestions which are to the point. Positive feedback and constructive criticism are both part of being specific.
4. **Diagnostic.** It will be most beneficial if the teacher candidate knows not only what is going well or not going well, but also why things are happening as they are and the implications of the causes.
5. **Based on valid criteria.** The means and methods used to evaluate the teacher candidate's teaching must agree with the basic principles of the student teaching program. Practical considerations in establishing bases of evaluation include such questions as the following:
 - a. What should the teacher candidate accomplish during the term? Both teacher candidate and cooperating teacher need to have definite values and goals for the program. Has the growth of the teacher candidate toward fulfillment of these goals been satisfactory? **Supervisors – Avoid the pitfall of measuring your teacher candidate's accomplishments against those displayed by an experienced teacher.**
 - b. What is the teacher candidate's role in the classroom? How has the teacher candidate's presence affected the students' development?
 - c. How does the present work of the teacher candidate compare with earlier accomplishments?

Techniques of Evaluation

It is understandable that the cooperating teacher who has only one or two teacher candidates each year will find it difficult to decide on the relative merits of various evaluative techniques. Here is a matter with which the college supervisor will be able to lend assistance to the cooperating teacher. Some techniques used by experienced cooperating teachers are listed below.

1. **Daily observation.** This is a continuous, informal evaluation of the teacher candidate's performance. Notes may be made on the teacher candidate's lesson plan while the cooperating teacher observes. A brief discussion based on the observation may do much to improve the details of the student's teaching skill and his/her personal and professional qualifications. As mentioned earlier, the observation of the cooperating teacher by the teacher candidate may do much to train the latter to understand this kind of evaluation and, at the same time, train him/her in self-evaluation. Again, it is better to observe for specific items rather than broad generalities.
2. **Check lists or rating sheets.** Periodic summaries of strengths and weaknesses may be made of the teacher candidate's competence through use of checklists or rating scales. The teacher candidate may be asked to complete a self-evaluation on the basis of a prepared list of teaching qualities. The *Cooperating teacher – Teacher Candidate Conference Checklist* (see appendix) may be used for this purpose. For this method to be effective, it is important that the cooperating teacher and teacher candidate discuss the interpretation of the ratings.
3. **Conferences.** It is evident from the techniques listed above that supervisor-teacher candidate conferences are an important means of evaluation in student teaching. It is recommended that at least two longer evaluation conferences be held during the student teaching period. One conference should be held at the middle of the term and another at the close. The *Cooperating teacher – Teacher Candidate Conference Checklist* should be used as a basis for these

conferences. The following statements imply effective conference techniques that may be used in student teaching.

- a. Each conferee should recognize the purpose of the conference.
- b. Conferences may be held at various times and for different reasons, but at all times it should be a frank discussion between the participants. "We need to listen to each other, not merely take turns talking."
- c. The conference should be held in a room where there will be no interruptions and in a setting free from tension.
- d. The conference should be constructive. Emphasis should be placed on the future with limited consideration of past errors. Specific topics should be discussed. It is better to arrive at a full understanding of one problem than to rehash several without any solution.
- e. The end result of an evaluation conference should be a mutual understanding of the teacher candidate's accomplishments, needs and goals.

Records Used in Evaluation

1.	Lesson Plan Files (discussed previously)		
2.	Student Teaching Reports (see appendix)	Completed	Comments
a.	Weekly Learning Log	Weekly	Completed by the teacher candidate. Cooperating teacher signs the report. Student keeps a copy and original is given to the college supervisor.
b.	Cooperating teacher-Teacher Candidate Conference Checklist (green & yellow)	Mid term	Used as a basis for two longer conferences. Cooperating teacher and teacher candidate complete separate copies.
c.	Teacher Candidate Evaluation Report - Form A-B	End of term	Cooperating teacher and college supervisor together decide the appropriate descriptor. Cooperating teacher submits form electronically to MLC Education Office.
d.	Teacher Candidate - Self Evaluation	End of term	Teacher candidate completes the form and submits it electronically to the MLC Education Office.

Evaluation reports *c* & *d* are an important source of information utilized in the preparation of recommendations to the Synodical Assignment Committee. These reports are kept on file in the Education Office archives. The student's education file may be viewed by the student upon his/her request.

College supervisors may also choose to share their reports with the teacher candidate before submitting them to the Field Experiences Office. Teacher candidates may view a copy of their recommendation report that goes to the Synodical Assignment Committee.

The Reflection Journal

Teacher candidates are required to write eight weekly reflections during their 10-week student teaching term. Adjustments will need to be made if the experience is only nine weeks. Reflections are to be hand-written in ink or pencil and placed into the college-issued *Reflection Journal*.

Expectations

1. Each entry title has the topic, date, school, grade level, and teacher’s name.
2. Each entry is referenced in the Table of Contents with a number, title, and date.
3. Each written entry includes two parts.
 - a) What did I observe/teach during this experience?
 - b) What did I learn from this experience and how will I apply it to my future teaching?
4. Each reflection is read, signed, and dated by the cooperating teacher. College supervisors will also be reading and signing entries.
5. After the 8th student teaching entry, the classroom or college supervisor signs, dates, and writes *Completed* to show that the journal requirement has been met.
6. Students are responsible for having the supervisors read and sign the journal.

This table is a helpful guide to monitor progress. Although personal preference determines the order of selection, topics should closely coincide with the student’s professional experiences to encourage meaningful reflection.

TOPIC	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Assessment										
Integration of God’s Word										
Lesson Planning										
Management										
Misconceptions										
Personal Growth										
School Climate										
Teaching Strategies										
Theory into Practice										

Final Evaluations for Student Teaching

The student teaching experience is evaluated without the use of letter grades, carries no grade points, and has no impact on a student's semester GPA or cumulative GPA. The following categories are used for evaluating student teaching:

PASS – (P)

Successful completion of the student teaching term. The teacher candidate successfully assumes full-time responsibility for a minimum of two weeks and achieves a rating of at least “Acceptable-Satisfactory” in teaching or classroom management or both.

WITHDRAWAL (W)

The teacher candidate is unable to complete the student teaching term. The student may reapply for student teaching.

NO PASS - (NP)

The teacher candidate completes the student teaching term but does not perform satisfactorily in either teaching or classroom management or both. Ratings of “Acceptable” in both teaching and management will automatically result in a “NP” (*see appendix for Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching*).

The teacher candidate who does not perform satisfactorily on the MN standards of effective practice receives a no-pass (NP) grade for Student Teaching I. The cooperating teacher, the college supervisor, and the director of field experiences will determine jointly if another student teaching term is recommended. The teacher candidate who receives an NP may be required to pass an alternative experience (EFE IV) before the second attempt of student teaching. The primary goal of the alternative experience is to remediate the identified deficiencies related to the MN standards. The teacher candidate must reapply for student teaching through the regular process and will be granted or denied a second student teaching term by the Teacher Education Committee. The Teacher Education Committee's decision is final.

Students who receive an “NP” for Student Teaching I will not be allowed to do Student Teaching II and vice versa.

A student who does not participate in an alternative experience (EFE IV) and therefore is no longer a student at MLC must also reapply for admission to MLC through the admission process in addition to reapplying for student teaching.

Under normal circumstances a teacher candidate will be given no more than two opportunities for student teaching. Only under extraordinary circumstances will an additional opportunity be given.

The student may be permitted to participate in the graduation ceremony, but the diploma is held in abeyance. If the teacher candidate does not remove the “no pass” by successfully completing a second term of student teaching, the teacher candidate may substitute the equivalent number of credits from the MLC curriculum. Under this circumstance the teacher candidate receives a Bachelor of Science with a major in Educational Studies rather than a Bachelor of Science in Education degree. The student teaching grade remains “no pass”, and the note “Non-teaching degree” is added to the student's transcript.

An “NP” may also be given, if in the judgment of the college supervisor, the cooperating teacher, and the director of field experiences the teacher candidate's performance will not improve with another term of student teaching and the teacher candidate should be advised to seek another vocation. The teacher candidate may still earn a diploma by substituting the equivalent number of credits from the MLC curriculum for the student teaching credits. The teacher candidate receives a Bachelor of Science with a major in Educational Studies rather than a Bachelor of Science in Education degree. The student teaching

grade remains “no pass,” and the note “Non-teaching degree” is added to the student’s transcript.

Dismissal

Due to issues of performance or conduct that may be detrimental to the welfare of students, and/or the integrity of Martin Luther College’s student teaching program, a teacher candidate may be dismissed prior to the end of any student teaching term. The decision to remove is made by college administration in consultation with appropriate college personnel and local school officials.

Students dismissed for unsatisfactory progress or unacceptable performance during student teaching do not have the right of appeal. Students who are dismissed before the end of the term are no longer students at Martin Luther College unless they participate in an alternate experience sanctioned and arranged by the director of field experiences. The alternate experience receives credit as Early Field Experience IV.

Any student who has been dismissed before the end of any one of the student teaching terms and wishes to student teach again must re-apply for student teaching through the regular process and will be granted or denied a second student teaching term by the Teacher Education Committee. The Teacher Education Committee’s decision is final.

A student who did not participate in an alternate experience and therefore is no longer a student at MLC must also re-apply for admission to Martin Luther College through the admissions process in addition to re-applying for student teaching.

Graduation Policies

Students completing their degree requirements in December may participate in the May commencement. Students who will satisfy degree requirements in the summer can participate in the previous May commencement but must register for summer classes prior to the May commencement. Diplomas for students who complete requirements during the summer are dated the last day of the month when requirements were completed.

Students completing a Bachelor of Science degree with a major in Educational Studies must complete all requirements for their approved program plan.

Assignment to the Christian Ministry

How the Assignment Committee Carries out its Responsibilities

Note: The following paragraphs are excerpts from a paper former Synod President Pastor Carl Mischke presented to the Dr. Martin Luther College faculty in August, 1980. The procedure he outlined below continues to be used today.

A congregation that wishes to call a teacher from the graduating class of DMLC places its call with the president of the district to which it belongs. Using the usual diploma of vocation, the congregation indicates whether it wants a man or a woman teacher, or simply the most qualified candidate. The congregation will specify the grade or grades to be taught, the number of students anticipated, other special duties such as principalship, organ and choir work, or physical education. It specifies the level of competence desired, whether head organist or assistant organist, or only organist, whether as director of a well-developed physical education program or somewhat less than that.

The ten district presidents (twelve district presidents now) tabulate the information they have concerning the calls in their district and submit it to me (Pres. Mischke). My office then compiles a Book of Requests and a copy is prepared for each member and advisory member of the Assignment Committee. In this way, each president is not only apprised of the requests from his district but from the entire Synod. So,

before we begin the actual placement of individual candidates, we know how many calls there are for men, how many for women, how many principals are being requested, how many organists, how many coaches and directors of physical education. In this way, we become aware of all the needs out in the field.

But, that's only one side of it. The other side is learning to know the abilities and capabilities of the individual candidates. We do this through the rather sizable volume of information provided by the administration and faculty of DMLC. This includes a brief characterization noting the strengths and weaknesses of each candidate. It notes his academic proficiency or lack of it. It includes an evaluation of the candidates' practice teaching, as well as a recommendation for the type of placement for which he or she is best suited. Frequently, this information is supplemented orally by the advisors.

In the actual assignment process, matching a specific candidate with a specific place, any call that requires very special gifts (such as the Japan call) is filled first. After the special needs have been met, we follow a rotation according to districts. The district with the highest number of calls is first in the rotation, the district with the fewest calls is last. The district with the highest number will receive a choice every round, the district with only one or two calls will not.

As each district is given its turn, the president presents the call that he wishes to fill, reviews the requirements of the call, and states the name of the candidate that, in his judgment, best fills that need. The other presidents, as well as the advisors, then have an opportunity to respond, either concurring in the choice or advancing reasons why that candidate might serve better elsewhere. After discussion, a separate motion is passed in the case of each candidate. When all the candidates have been assigned, there is still an opportunity for further review in the event that someone feels that a specific candidate might serve better elsewhere.

Although each president naturally feels a keen responsibility toward the congregations in his district, that concern is superseded by a concern for the church at large, for the overall needs of the kingdom. The spirit of harmony in that meeting is second to none. The obvious desire to place each candidate where he or she can best serve, where individual talents can be further developed, is much in evidence. I don't know if I ever had any reservations about the divinity of the call, but if I did, they have been completely removed for me since being privileged to serve as part of the human machinery in the assignment process. Again and again, when one compares his personal candidate choices at the beginning of the meeting for possible assignment to specific places with those that emerge at the meeting's end, the Spirit's direction is readily apparent. (End of the quotation from President Mischke's paper.)

The Assignment Committee and the MLC faculty realize the system of assigning graduates is not perfect—no human arrangement for carrying out the Lord's work ever is. Nevertheless, we remain confident that the Holy Spirit operates through human procedures to call men and women into the Christian ministry.

Procedure for Assigning Candidates

Graduates of the college are ready for assignment into the Christian ministry upon recommendation of the faculty. The committee on assignment of calls, consisting of the praesidium of the Wisconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod and the presidents of its respective districts, determines the placement of the graduates. The college administration and faculty (College President, Education Dean, VP for Student Life, Director of Field Experiences) are represented at the meetings of this assignment committee in an advisory capacity.

Policies Regarding Candidate's Status in the Book of Candidates

The Conference of Presidents of the Wisconsin Evangelical Lutheran Synod has provided the following categories under which biographies are placed in the *Book of Candidates*.

1. Available for Assignment

Current or past graduates who have been presented to the church by Martin Luther College and are available for assignment anywhere. Some candidates have delayed availability for assignment because

they have not yet fulfilled all of the requirements necessary for assignment or because they have a spouse or fiancée/fiancé who is not in fellowship with WELS (1a).

2. Declining Assignment

Current or past graduates who have been presented to the church by Martin Luther College but are declining to be assigned because they do not desire to teach in our WELS educational system at this time.

3. Deferring Assignment

Current or past graduates who have been presented to the church by Martin Luther College but have asked that their assignment be deferred to a later date. Assignment may be deferred for one or two years, after which the candidate returns to the assignment committee. Deferring students who do not present themselves for assignment after two years, by that action, indicate that they are declining assignment. Those who decline assignment in this way but at a later time desire to receive a call into the teaching ministry must do so by contacting the president of the district in which they reside. If three or more years have passed since graduation, they must also meet requirements for re-certification as WELS teachers.

4. Limited Availability for Assignment

Current graduates who are available for assignment but are limited to a certain geographic area for legitimate and compelling reasons (e.g., marriage or marriage plans or spouse's assignment).

Right of Refusal

Candidates who are offered the opportunity to decline an assignment include:

- Those assigned to foreign fields, including Canada.
- Female students assigned as tutors and married to Wisconsin Lutheran Seminary students (when the husband would be required to live in the dormitory and commute to the seminary).
- Those assigned to other unique or unusual circumstances as determined by the Assignment Committee.

Eligibility for Assignment

- Candidates who have deferred their assignment or who have been unassigned are eligible for assignment for a total of three assignment cycles. In the case of students who defer assignment, each year of deferral is included in the three-year limit. In other words, candidates who defer for one year are eligible for assignment for two more years; candidates who defer for two years are eligible for assignment for one more year. Candidates who defer for a third year are no longer eligible for assignment.
- Candidates who have declined their assignment but change their minds within three years of graduation should make a request of their district president to be made available for assignment.
- Eligible candidates who are unassigned at the spring assignment meeting will continue to be considered for assignment throughout the following year and can be assigned at any time.
- Assignment of candidates after an assignment meeting will be done by the respective district president and the synod president, with the Conference of Presidents being informed of the assignment.
- Candidates may be considered for assignment at three spring assignment meetings (and in the year following the third assignment meeting). After three years of being unassigned, the candidate will no longer be considered for assignment. Such candidates may, however, be called directly by congregations in consultation with their district president.

- Candidates assigned to temporary calls shall be considered for assignment at the three spring assignment meetings following the end of their temporary service. During a third year of temporary assignment, candidates may be called directly by congregations in consultation with their district president.

Student Teaching Grade Level - Grade Level of First Call

The grade level to which teacher candidates are assigned for student teaching does not determine the grade level of the first call received through the Assignment Committee. Teacher candidates should not consider it unusual if they are assigned to serve a congregation either at a higher or lower grade level than their student teaching grade level. Needs of the church-at-large and abilities of the students are the primary considerations in the work of the Assignment Committee.

Receiving Your Assigned Call

Procedures to follow when accepting your assigned call:

- Write a letter to the congregation in care of the pastor to inform the congregation that you received a Call through the Assignment Committee. Include the thought that you will fulfill your duties to the best of your ability with the help of God. Ask for the prayers of the congregation and the pastor that your work may be done to the glory of God and the welfare of His kingdom.
- Write a separate letter of a personal nature to the pastor. If there is no pastor, write to the president of the congregation or the vacancy pastor. Ask when your installation is to be and when you are expected to begin your work. You may also wish to ask about other duties and inquire about living arrangements. If possible, arrange a personal visit after graduation. If the school has a principal, be sure to also write him.

Deferment of or Declining Assignment

Occasionally candidates request that their assignment into the Christian ministry be deferred for a year. The most common reasons that individuals defer are to pursue further study or to serve in international fields through various agencies of the WELS.

A few candidates decline assignment because they do not wish to teach in a WELS school at this time. The following information and procedures should be noted.

A. Terminology

- Deferment of assignment means that the candidate wishes to delay assignment into full-time public ministry for a period of time, typically one or two years. After the deferring candidate notifies the MLC Director of Field Experiences of his/her intention to return for assignment, the candidate is presented to the Assignment Committee.
- Declining assignment means that the candidate does not wish to be assigned into full-time public ministry. The candidate is removed for assignment consideration. If in the future the individual wishes to teach in a WELS school, the candidate must contact his/her district president.

B. Procedures

- Discuss your plans with your advisor and others who may assist you.
- Declare your intentions on the Book of Candidates- Category Form by the deadline indicated on the form.
- If you do not submit the declaration form by the deadline, you will be considered a candidate who is declining assignment.

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Teacher:

Subject/Grade:

Date:

Time:

Lesson Topic/Title:

Big Idea/Essential Question (Is there an overarching theme or question in the classroom or subject area that this lesson fits under? Big ideas/Essential questions will encompass many lessons, an entire unit, or even a semester. They will not change with each lesson. They are not objectives. They are not theme titles.)

Objectives and Assessments: (Cognitive knowledge, psychomotor skills, and/or affective attitudes – use measurable verbs – be sure to connect written objectives to assessment tools. Objectives may be written in a traditional format (i.e. “The student will...”)) or as learning targets written from the perspective of the students (i.e. “I can...” or “I will be able to...”).

Objective	Assessments	Formative/Summative

Standards (Reference number and text of MN Standards or other content-related standards):

Reference Number	Text of standard
	-
	-

Materials and Preparation Needed for Instruction

- 1. Text pages: Manual pages: -
- 2. Resources: Teacher: -
- Student: -

Special preparation that needs to be completed in advance (set-up, handouts, etc.):

-

Planned Supports for Differentiation

- Environment: (changes in the setting): -
- Content: (changes in what is taught): -
- Process: (changes in how it is taught): -
- Product: (variety in student products): -

Academic Language What oral or written language will teacher and/or students need to understand and/or be able to use successfully in connection with the lesson?

-

Instructional Procedures – Insert specific plans here, making provisions for the following:

A. Review (as needed, make connections from a previous lesson)

-
-

B. Developing Background (How will students connect the lesson to their own experiences?)

-
-

C. Transitional Statement (including stated objectives)

-
-

D. Developing the New Lesson (introduce and practice new content)

-
-

E. Summary (ask about/restate objectives)

-
-

F. Assessment (formative and summative tasks related to lesson objectives)

-
-

Lesson Reflection (Completed by the teacher after the lesson has been taught):

1. In what ways was the lesson effective?
2. How would you change this lesson if teaching it again?
3. What students may need extra help? What type of help may be needed?

**Rehearsal Plan Template for Vocal & Instrumental Music
MLC Secondary Education**

Instructor _____ *Class* _____ *Hour* _____ *Date* __/__/__

Rehearsal Objectives & Assessments

Objective	Assessment	Formative/Summative

Standards (reference number and text of MN Standards or other content-related standards)

Materials Needed

Selections:

Other materials:

Equipment:

Academic Language

Rehearsal/Lesson (with time projections)

Warm-Up Activities (scales, articulation, dynamics, rhythms, etc.)

- **Minutes** _____

- **Minutes** _____

- **Minutes** _____

- **Minutes** _____

Guided Practice (what you plan to accomplish in the rehearsal with each selection)

Selection 1

Measures ____ **Minutes** ____

Selection 2

Measures ____ **Minutes** ____

Selection 3

Measures ____ **Minutes** ____

Selection 4

Measures ____ **Minutes** ____

Announcements:

Lesson Reflection

Pre-lesson reflection

How will I assess whether or not the instructional objectives were met during the rehearsal?

Post-lesson reflection

What evidence do I have to indicate that my objectives were met?

What changes might I make before my next class period?

Activity Lesson Plan Template for Physical Education MLC Sedcondary Education

Teacher: _____ Subject/Grade: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____

Lesson Topic/Title: _____

Big Idea/Question/Essential content (Is there an overarching theme, unit, or question in the classroom that this lesson fits under?):

OBJECTIVES AND ASSESSMENTS: (Cognitive knowledge, psychomotor skills, and/or affective attitudes – use measurable verbs – be sure to connect written objectives to assessment tools)

Objectives may be written in a traditional format (i.e. “The student will...”) or as learning targets written from the perspective of the students (i.e. “I can...” or “I will be able to...”)

Performance Objective	Assessments	Standards and benchmarks

MATERIALS NEEDED FOR INSTRUCTION

1. Text pages:

2. Resources/ Equipment

Teacher:

Student:

Special preparation that needs to be completed in advance (set-up, handouts, etc.):

Any technology?

3. Safety considerations:

Differentiation: How will you challenge higher performing students? How will you modify activities for struggling students? **Include under instructional procedure – activities**

INCLUSION: Do you have students who need adaptations? **Include specific adaptations in activities;** list the type of disability here.

ACADEMIC LANGUAGE What oral or written language will teacher and/or students need to understand and/or be able to use successfully in connection with the lesson?

INSTRUCTIONAL PROCEDURES – Insert specifics here, making provisions for the following:

- A. ASAP/ warm-up (may be a review and make connections from a previous lesson/s)
- B. Focus on Fitness (integrated or stand-alone)
- C. Transitional Statement or Developing Background (how will students connect the lesson to their own experiences?)
- D. Developing the New Lesson (**introduce and practice new content**)
 - i. instruction/ learning activities
 - 1. Detailed description of the activity/ instruction/ learning event
 - a. **critical elements** of skills that will be taught – include **cues and feedback**
 - b. Be sure to have activities that are **informing** and **extending** tasks
 - c. **Instructional strategies**- How will you attend to the preferred modes of learning of students?
 - d. modifications **for inclusion**
 - e. **Differentiation** – include one way to challenge and one way to simplify the activity
 - 2. Organization and transitions
 - a. Note for each activity
 - b. How will you group students?
 - c. How will students move from one activity to another?
 - ii. Assessments that will be used
- E. Closing activity (application/ use activities in a game or combination drill)
- F. Closure (ask about/restate objectives, wrap up, maybe one minute)

LESSON REFLECTION (Completed by the student teacher after the lesson has been taught):

- 1. In what way(s) was the lesson effective?
- 2. How would you change this lesson if teaching it again?
- 3. What students may need extra help? What type of help may be needed?



Weekly Learning Log - Student Teaching

Student Teacher _____

School _____ Grade(s) _____

Cooperating teacher _____

Week (*circle one*) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Dates _____ to _____

College Supervisor _____

List the new teaching activities you undertook this week.

List the recurring activities from the previous week(s).

Explain the most important concepts you learned during the past week about the following:

Instruction

Student learning

Classroom management

What were the most significant challenges you faced during the past week?

What unanswered questions or concerns were raised through your experiences during the past week?

What three specific competencies will you maintain or improve next week?

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

Student Teacher Signature

Date

Supervising Classroom Teacher Signature

Date

SECONDARY STUDENT TEACHING BLOCK PLAN

Student Teacher: _____ School: _____

Week #: _____ 20____ Subject: _____ Grade Level: _____ Section: _____

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
OBJECTIVES					
MATERIALS					
DIFFERENTIATION					
INSTRUCTIONAL PROCEDURE(S) * Review * Transitional Statement (Aim) * New Lesson * Assignment					
ASSESSMENT					

This weekly plan is to be completed and submitted to the classroom supervisor by Friday or Saturday prior to its implementation.

College and Classroom Supervisor Observation Report

Student Teacher:

School:

Session:

Supervisor:

College Supervisor: Professor R. Ohm

First Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Second Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Third Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Fourth Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Personal (Discuss how each of the following is evident each visit)
Professionalism (appearance, mannerisms):
Initiative:
Self-confidence/Leadership:
Relationship with others (supervisors, staff, parents):
Acceptance and implementation of constructive criticism:
Oral communication (articulation, usage, volume):
Written communication (mechanics, usage, clarity):
Enthusiasm and stamina (rate as 1-10):
Organizational skills:

Descriptors: 1:Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Teaching	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Content knowledge:				
Willing and able to increase background knowledge through research:				
Quality of lesson plans (components evident):				
Deadlines for lesson plans, block plans, reflective writings:				
Evidence of appropriate preparation (subject matter, materials):				
Lesson delivery mirrors the lesson plan:				
Assessments & assignments appropriate for the objectives:				
Questioning : Variety of levels is appropriate for content:				
Wait time:				
Distribution of questions to students:				

Student engagement in lessons:				
Creativity/Resourcefulness (prepares own materials, evidence of variety):				
Uses vocabulary that is age-appropriate:				
Christian viewpoint is intentional in planning and evident in delivery:				
Physical and emotional stamina:				
Understands/applies principles of adolescent development in planning activities:				
Use of technology in the classroom for teaching and assessing learning:				
Written communication is legible:				

Descriptors: 1: Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Management	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Current with correcting, grading, recording:				
Organizational skills: (personal, classroom):				
Awareness of student behavior (quick scan):				
Classroom control: States expectations clearly (proactive vs. reactive):				
Consistently enforces expectations:				
Uses appropriate management strategies for the age level:				
Time management and Transitions (time on task vs. off task):				
Management willing to extend beyond classroom setting:				
Flexibility (able to adjust schedules and routines when needed):				
Relationship with students continuum (buddy-alooof):				

College and Cooperating Teacher Observation Report (Instrumental and Vocal Music)

Teacher Candidate:

School:

Session:

Cooperating Teacher:

College Supervisor: Professor R. Ohm

First Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Second Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Third Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Fourth Visit (optional): **Classes Observed:**

Personal (Discuss how each of the following is evident each visit)
Professionalism (appearance, mannerisms):
Initiative:
Self-confidence/Leadership:
Relationship with others (supervisors, staff, parents):
Acceptance and implementation of constructive criticism:
Oral communication (articulation, usage, volume):
Written communication (mechanics, usage, clarity):
Enthusiasm and stamina (rate as 1-10):
Organizational skills:
Has a positive attitude toward music and the ensemble:
Strives for excellence in performance:

Descriptors: 1:Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Teaching	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Content knowledge:				
Willing and able to increase background knowledge through research:				
Quality of lesson plans (components evident):				
Deadlines for lesson plans, block plans, reflective writings:				
Evidence of appropriate preparation (subject matter, materials):				
Lesson delivery mirrors the lesson plan:				

Assessments & assignments appropriate for the objectives:				
Questioning : Variety of levels is appropriate for content:				
Wait time:				
Distribution of questions to students:				
Has good command of standard conducting gestures:				
Is expressive and compelling in conducting gestures:				
Integrates Christian truths into music education lessons when appropriate:				
Chooses sacred repertory that reflects the Law and Gospel:				
Chooses repertory that is interesting and challenging:				
Provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance:				
Detects errors in technique and performance:				
Is able to correct errors in technique and performance:				
Student engagement in lessons:				
Creativity/Resourcefulness (prepares own materials, evidence of variety):				
Uses vocabulary that is age-appropriate:				
Christian viewpoint is intentional in planning and evident in delivery:				
Physical and emotional stamina:				
Understands/applies principles of adolescent development in planning activities:				
Use of technology in the classroom for teaching and assessing learning:				
Written communication is legible:				

Descriptors: 1: Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Management	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Current with correcting, grading, recording:				
Organizational skills: (personal, classroom):				
Awareness of student behavior (quick scan):				
Classroom control: States expectations clearly (proactive vs. reactive):				
Consistently enforces expectations:				
Uses appropriate management strategies for the age level:				
Time management and Transitions (time on task vs. off task):				
Management willing to extend beyond classroom setting:				
Flexibility (able to adjust schedules and routines when needed):				
Relationship with students continuum (buddy-aloof):				
Makes efficient use of rehearsal time:				

College Supervisor and Cooperating Teacher Observation Report (Physical Education)

Student Teacher:

School:

Session:

Cooperating Teacher:

College Supervisor: Professor R. Ohm

First Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Second Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Third Visit: **Classes Observed:**

Fourth Visit(Optional): **Classes Observed:**

Personal (Discuss how each of the following is evident each visit)
Professionalism (appearance, mannerisms):
Initiative:
Self-confidence/Leadership:
Relationship with others (supervisors, staff, parents):
Acceptance and implementation of constructive criticism:
Oral communication (articulation, usage, volume):
Written communication (mechanics, usage, clarity):
Enthusiasm and stamina (rate as 1-10):
Organizational skills:

Descriptors: 1:Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Teaching	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Content knowledge:				
Willing and able to increase background knowledge through research:				
Quality of lesson plans (components evident):				
Deadlines for lesson plans, block plans, reflective writings:				
Evidence of appropriate preparation (subject matter, materials):				
Lesson delivery mirrors the lesson plan:				
Assessments & assignments appropriate for the objectives:				
Questioning : Variety of levels is appropriate for content:				
Wait time:				
Distribution of questions to students:			50	

Student engagement in lessons:				
In a psychomotor focused lesson all students active at least 50% of class time				
Creativity/Resourcefulness (evidence of variety in choices of activities and teaching models):				
Uses positive and specific feedback, both whole class and individualized, throughout lesson				
Uses vocabulary that is age-appropriate:				
Evidence of Christian viewpoint: (when appropriate)				
Physical and emotional stamina:				
Understands/applies principles of adolescent development in planning activities:				
Use of technology in the classroom for teaching and assessing learning: (if available)				
Quality of writing on whiteboards, interactive boards, and/or teacher-made materials:				
Smooth and effective transitions into and out of activities and learning experiences				

Descriptors: 1: Not Evident 2: Developing 3: Satisfactory/Proficient 4: Strong 5: Exemplary

Management	Visit 1	Visit 2	Visit 3	Visit 4
Current with correcting, grading, recording:				
Organizational skills: (personal, classroom):				
Awareness of student behavior (quick scan):				
Strong supervision techniques (back to wall, movement, stays out of middle, does not participate or partner with students)				
Classroom control: States expectations clearly (proactive vs. reactive):				
Consistently enforces expectations and routines:				
Uses appropriate management strategies for the age level:				
Time management and Transitions (time on task vs. off task):				
Smooth and effective transitions into and out of activities and learning experiences			51	
Efficient equipment distribution and collection				

Management willing to extend beyond classroom setting:				
Flexibility (able to adjust schedules, space and routines when needed):				
Relationship with students continuum (buddy-aloof):				

Secondary Student Teaching Cooperating Teacher – Student Teacher Conference Checklist DO NOT RETURN TO MLC

Student _____ Date _____

MINISTRY TRAITS

Discuss in relation to service in the school and congregation.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

COMMENTS

MINNESOTA STANDARDS OF EFFECTIVE PRACTICE FOR TEACHERS (ADAPTED)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

	1	2	3	4	5
	Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

STANDARD 1: SUBJECT MATTER

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 2: STUDENT LEARNING

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. modifies plans/procedures to meet students' needs..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. promotes active learning..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 3: DIVERSE LEARNERS

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. respects each student as a unique child of God..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. provides for differences among students..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. uses technological resources to enhance lessons..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 5: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. encourages and models Christian living among the students..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 8. is conscious of the "little" details that contribute to good order..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION**COMMENTS**

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. has a pleasant and effective voice..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 7: PLANNING INSTRUCTION

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. plans to integrate Christian truths into lessons when appropriate..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. integrates Christian truths into lessons when appropriate..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 8: ASSESSMENT

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. uses valid procedures to assess student learning | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. uses technological tools to assess student learning | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 9: REFLECTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. shows appropriate self-confidence | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. is punctual and dependable in attendance | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. displays leadership qualities | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6. is well organized and efficient | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7. displays initiative | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 8. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 9. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 10. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 10: COLLABORATION, ETHICS, AND RELATIONSHIPS

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. is friendly when meeting people | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. relates well to others in social situations | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

**Secondary Student Teaching
Cooperating teacher – Music Major Conference Checklist
DO NOT RETURN TO MLC**

Student _____ **Date** _____

MINISTRY TRAITS

COMMENTS

Discuss in relation to service in the school and congregation.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

MINNESOTA STANDARDS OF EFFECTIVE PRACTICE FOR TEACHERS (ADAPTED)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

	1	2	3	4	5
	Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

STANDARD 1: SUBJECT MATTER

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 2: STUDENT LEARNING

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. modifies plans/procedures to meet students' needs..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. promotes active learning..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 3: DIVERSE LEARNERS

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. respects each student as a unique child of God | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. provides for differences among students..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. has good command of standard conducting gestures | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. is expressive and compelling in conducting gestures..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6. uses technological resources to enhance lessons | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 5: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

- | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. encourages and models Christian living among the students | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 8. is conscious of the "little" details that contribute to good order..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 9. makes efficient use of rehearsal time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION

COMMENTS

- 1. has a pleasant and effective voice1 2 3 4 5
- 2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students.....1 2 3 4 5
- 3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 7: PLANNING INSTRUCTION

- 1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson1 2 3 4 5
- 2. plans to integrate Christian truths into music education lessons when appropriate.....1 2 3 4 5
- 3. integrates Christian truths into music education lessons when appropriate.....1 2 3 4 5
- 4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas.....1 2 3 4 5
- 5. chooses sacred repertory that reflects the Law and the Gospel1 2 3 4 5
- 6. chooses repertory that is interesting and challenging1 2 3 4 5
- 7. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 8: ASSESSMENT

- 1. uses valid procedures to assess student learning1 2 3 4 5
- 2. provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance1 2 3 4 5
- 3. detects errors in technique and performance.....1 2 3 4 5
- 4. is able to correct errors in technique and performance1 2 3 4 5
- 5. uses technological tools to assess student learning1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 9: REFLECTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- 1. shows appropriate self-confidence1 2 3 4 5
- 2. is punctual and dependable in attendance1 2 3 4 5
- 3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor1 2 3 4 5
- 4. displays leadership qualities1 2 3 4 5
- 5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks.....1 2 3 4 5
- 6. is well organized and efficient1 2 3 4 5
- 7. displays initiative1 2 3 4 5
- 8. has a positive attitude toward music and the ensemble.....1 2 3 4 5
- 9. strives for excellence in performance1 2 3 4 5
- 10. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism1 2 3 4 5
- 11. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching1 2 3 4 5
- 12. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 10: COLLABORATION, ETHICS, AND RELATIONSHIPS

- 1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative1 2 3 4 5
- 2. is friendly when meeting people1 2 3 4 5
- 3. relates well to others in social situations1 2 3 4 5

Rev. 06/12

**Secondary Student Teaching
Cooperating Teacher – Physical Education Major
Student Teacher Conference Checklist
DO NOT RETURN TO MLC**

Student _____

Date _____

MINISTRY TRAITS

COMMENTS

Discuss in relation to service in the school and congregation.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

MINNESOTA STANDARDS OF EFFECTIVE PRACTICE FOR TEACHERS (ADAPTED)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

	1	2	3	4	5
	Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

STANDARD 1: SUBJECT MATTER

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 2: STUDENT LEARNING

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. modifies plans/movement opportunities to meet students' varying abilities..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. promotes active learning by maximizing student movement time | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. Plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation and minimize inactivity | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 3: DIVERSE LEARNERS

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. respects each student as a unique child of God | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. provides for differences among students by adjusting tasks based on student performances..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. Facilitates an inclusive environment for all students | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 4. uses technological resources to enhance lessons..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 5. uses effective teaching cues for skill instruction..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 6. utilizes effective and appropriate demonstration techniques | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

STANDARD 5: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

- | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2. encourages and models Christian living among the students | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

- 4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles1 2 3 4 5
- 5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations1 2 3 4 5
- 6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected1 2 3 4 5
- 7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups1 2 3 4 5
- 8. is conscious of the “little” details that contribute to good order.....1 2 3 4 5
- 9. ensures physically and emotionally safe environment1 2 3 4 5
- 10. strong and proactive supervision using proper teacher positioning1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION

- 1. has a strong and effective voice1 2 3 4 5
- 2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students1 2 3 4 5
- 3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community.....1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 7: PLANNING INSTRUCTION

- 1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson1 2 3 4 5
- 2. plans to integrate Christian truths into lessons when appropriate.....1 2 3 4 5
- 3. integrates Christian truths into lessons when appropriate.....1 2 3 4 5
- 4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas1 2 3 4 5
- 5. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate.....1 2 3 4 5
- 6. Plans for effective transitions and equipment distribution to maximize learning time.....1 2 3 4 5
- 7. Plans for student learning in the affective, cognitive and psychomotor domains.....1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 8: ASSESSMENT

- 1. uses valid procedures to formally assess student learning.....1 2 3 4 5
- 2. provides timely positive and specific feedback to students on the quality of their performance..... 1 2 3 4 5
- 3. Uses available technological tools to assess student learning.....1 2 3 4 5
- 4. Makes use of multiple strategies/ tools to assess the three learning domains both with formative and summative assessments 1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 9: REFLECTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- 1. shows appropriate self-confidence1 2 3 4 5
- 2. is punctual and dependable in attendance.....1 2 3 4 5
- 3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor1 2 3 4 5
- 4. displays leadership qualities1 2 3 4 5
- 5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks1 2 3 4 5
- 6. is well organized and efficient1 2 3 4 5
- 7. displays initiative.....1 2 3 4 5
- 8. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism1 2 3 4 5
- 9. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching.....1 2 3 4 5
- 10. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation1 2 3 4 5
- 11. is passionate for the subject matter.....1 2 3 4 5
- 12. strives to demonstrate a healthy active lifestyle.....1 2 3 4 5

STANDARD 10: COLLABORATION, ETHICS, AND RELATIONSHIPS

- 1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative1 2 3 4 5
- 2. is friendly when meeting people1 2 3 4 5
- 3. relates well to others in social situations.....1 2 3 4 5
- 4. is organized and respectful in equipment usage 1 2 3 4 5

8710.2000 MN STANDARDS OF EFFECTIVE PRACTICE FOR TEACHERS.

Standards. A candidate for teacher licensure shall show verification of completing the standards in subparts 2 to 11 in a teacher preparation program approved under part [8700.7600](#).

Standard 1, Subject Matter. A teacher must understand the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the disciplines taught and be able to create learning experiences that make these aspects of subject matter meaningful for students. The teacher must:

- A.** understand major concepts, assumptions, debates, processes of inquiry, and ways of knowing that are central to the disciplines taught;
- B.** understand how students' conceptual frameworks and misconceptions for an area of knowledge can influence the students' learning;
- C.** connect disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas and to everyday life;
- D.** understand that subject matter knowledge is not a fixed body of facts but is complex and ever developing;
- E.** use multiple representations and explanations of subject matter concepts to capture key ideas and link them to students' prior understandings;
- F.** use varied viewpoints, theories, ways of knowing, and methods of inquiry in teaching subject matter concepts;
- G.** evaluate teaching resources and curriculum materials for comprehensiveness, accuracy, and usefulness for presenting particular ideas and concepts;
- H.** engage students in generating knowledge and testing hypotheses according to the methods of inquiry and standards of evidence used in the discipline;
- I.** develop and use curricula that encourage students to understand, analyze, interpret, and apply ideas from varied perspectives; and
- J.** design interdisciplinary learning experiences that allow students to integrate knowledge, skills, and methods of inquiry across several subject areas.

Standard 2, Student Learning. A teacher must understand how students learn and develop and must provide learning opportunities that support a student's intellectual, social, and personal development. The teacher must:

- A.** understand how students internalize knowledge, acquire skills, and develop thinking behaviors, and know how to use instructional strategies that promote student learning;
- B.** understand that a student's physical, social, emotional, moral, and cognitive development influence learning and know how to address these factors when making instructional decisions;
- C.** understand developmental progressions of learners and ranges of individual variation within the physical, social, emotional, moral, and cognitive domains, be able to identify levels of readiness in learning, and understand how development in any one domain may affect performance in others;
- D.** use a student's strengths as a basis for growth, and a student's errors as opportunities for learning;
- E.** assess both individual and group performance and design developmentally appropriate instruction that meets the student's current needs in the cognitive, social, emotional, moral, and physical domains;
- F.** link new ideas to familiar ideas; make connections to a student's experiences; provide opportunities for active engagement, manipulation, and testing of ideas and materials; and encourage students to assume responsibility for shaping their learning tasks; and
- G.** use a student's thinking and experiences as a resource in planning instructional activities by encouraging discussion, listening and responding to group interaction, and eliciting oral, written, and other samples of student thinking.
- H.** demonstrate knowledge and understanding of concepts related to technology and student learning

Standard 3, Diverse Learners. A teacher must

understand how students differ in their approaches to learning and create instructional opportunities that are adapted to students with diverse backgrounds and exceptionalities. The teacher must:

- A.** understand and identify differences in approaches
- B.** know about areas of exceptionality in learning, including learning disabilities, perceptual difficulties, and special physical or mental challenges, gifts, and talents;
- C.** know about the process of second language acquisition and about strategies to support the learning of students whose first language is not English;
- D.** understand how to recognize and deal with dehumanizing biases, discrimination, prejudices, and institutional and personal racism and sexism;
- E.** understand how a student's learning is influenced by individual experiences, talents, and prior learning, as well as language, culture, family, and community values;
- F.** understand the contributions and lifestyles of the various racial, cultural, and economic groups in our society;
- G.** understand the cultural content, world view, and concepts that comprise Minnesota-based American Indian tribal government, history, language, and culture;
- H.** understand cultural and community diversity; and know how to learn about and incorporate a student's experiences, cultures, and community resources into instruction;
- I.** understand that all students can and should learn at the highest possible levels and persist in helping all students achieve success;
- J.** know about community and cultural norms;
- K.** identify and design instruction appropriate to a student's stages of development, learning styles, strengths, and needs;
- L.** use teaching approaches that are sensitive to the varied experiences of students and that address different learning and performance modes;
- M.** accommodate a student's learning differences or needs regarding time and circumstances for work, tasks assigned, communication, and response modes;
- N.** identify when and how to access appropriate services or resources to meet exceptional learning needs;
- O.** use information about students' families, cultures, and communities as the basis for connecting instruction to students' experiences;
- P.** bring multiple perspectives to the discussion of subject matter, including attention to a student's personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms; and
- Q.** develop a learning community in which individual differences are respected.
- R.** identify and apply technology resources to enable and empower learners with diverse backgrounds, characteristics, and abilities.

Standard 4, Instructional Strategies. A teacher must understand and use a variety of instructional strategies to encourage student development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills. The teacher must:

- A.** understand Minnesota's graduation standards and how to implement them;
- B.** understand the cognitive processes associated with various kinds of learning and how these processes can be stimulated;
- C.** understand principles and techniques, along with advantages and limitations, associated with various instructional strategies;
- D.** enhance learning through the use of a wide variety of materials and human and technological resources;
- E.** nurture the development of student critical thinking, independent problem solving, and performance capabilities;
- F.** demonstrate flexibility and reciprocity in the teaching process as necessary for adapting instruction to student responses, ideas, and needs;
- G.** design teaching strategies and materials to achieve different instructional purposes and to meet student

needs including developmental stages, prior knowledge, learning styles, and interests;

H. use multiple teaching and learning strategies to engage students in active learning opportunities that promote the development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance capabilities and that help students assume responsibility for identifying and using learning resources;

I. monitor and adjust strategies in response to learner feedback;

J. vary the instructional process to address the content and purposes of instruction and the needs of students;

K. develop a variety of clear, accurate presentations and representations of concepts, using alternative explanations to assist students' understanding and present varied perspectives to encourage critical thinking; and

L. use educational technology to broaden student knowledge about technology, to deliver instruction to students at different levels and paces, and to stimulate advanced levels of learning.

Standard 5, Learning Environment. A teacher must be able to use an understanding of individual and group motivation and behavior to create learning environments that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation. The teacher must:

A. understand human motivation and behavior and draw from the foundational sciences of psychology, anthropology, and sociology to develop strategies for organizing and supporting individual and group work;

B. understand how social groups function and influence people, and how people influence groups;

C. know how to create learning environments that contribute to the self-esteem of all persons and to positive interpersonal relations;

D. know how to help people work productively and cooperatively with each other in complex social settings;

E. understand the principles of effective classroom management and use a range of strategies to promote positive relationships, cooperation, and purposeful learning in the classroom;

F. know factors and situations that are likely to promote or diminish intrinsic motivation and how to help students become self-motivated;

G. understand how participation supports commitment;

H. establish a positive climate in the classroom and participate in maintaining a positive climate in the school as a whole;

I. establish peer relationships to promote learning;

J. recognize the relationship of intrinsic motivation to student lifelong growth and learning;

K. use different motivational strategies that are likely to encourage continuous development of individual learner abilities;

L. design and manage learning communities in which students assume responsibility for themselves and one another, participate in decision making, work both collaboratively and independently, and engage in purposeful learning activities;

M. engage students in individual and group learning activities that help them develop the motivation to achieve, by relating lessons to students' personal interests, allowing students to have choices in their learning, and leading students to ask questions and pursue problems that are meaningful to them and the learning;

N. organize, allocate, and manage the resources of time, space, activities, and attention to provide active engagement of all students in productive tasks;

O. maximize the amount of class time spent in learning by creating expectations and processes for communication and behavior along with a physical setting conducive to classroom goals;

P. develop expectations for student interactions, academic discussions, and individual and group responsibility that create a positive classroom climate of openness, mutual respect, support, inquiry, and learning;

Q. analyze the classroom environment and make

decisions and adjustments to enhance social relationships, student motivation and engagement, and productive work; and

R. organize, prepare students for, and monitor independent and group work that allows for full, varied, and effective participation of all individuals.

Standard 6, Communication. A teacher must be able to use knowledge of effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques to foster active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction in the classroom. The teacher must:

A. understand communication theory, language development, and the role of language in learning;

B. understand how cultural and gender differences can affect communication in the classroom;

C. understand the importance of nonverbal as well as verbal communication;

D. know effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques;

E. understand the power of language for fostering self-expression, identity development, and learning;

F. use effective listening techniques;

G. foster sensitive communication by and among all students in the class;

H. use effective communication strategies in conveying ideas and information and in asking questions;

I. support and expand learner expression in speaking, writing, and other media;

J. know how to ask questions and stimulate discussion in different ways for particular purposes, including probing for learner understanding, helping students articulate their ideas and thinking processes, promoting productive risk-taking and problem-solving, facilitating factual recall, encouraging convergent and divergent thinking, stimulating curiosity, and helping students to question; and

K. use a variety of media communication tools, including audiovisual aids and computers, including educational technology, to enrich learning opportunities.

Standard 7, Planning Instruction. A teacher must be able to plan and manage instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the community, and curriculum goals. The teacher must:

A. understand learning theory, subject matter, curriculum development, and student development and know how to use this knowledge in planning instruction to meet curriculum goals;

B. plan instruction using contextual considerations that bridge curriculum and student experiences;

C. plan instructional programs that accommodate individual student learning styles and performance modes;

D. create short-range and long-range plans that are linked to student needs and performance;

E. plan instructional programs that accommodate individual student learning styles and performance modes;

F. design lessons and activities that operate at multiple levels to meet the developmental and individual needs of students and to help all progress;

G. implement learning experiences that are appropriate for curriculum goals, relevant to learners, and based on principles of effective instruction including activating student prior knowledge, anticipating preconceptions, encouraging exploration and problem solving, and building new skills on those previously acquired; and

H. evaluate plans in relation to short-range and long-range goals, and systematically adjust plans to meet student needs and enhance learning.

Standard 8, Assessment. A teacher must understand and be able to use formal and informal assessment strategies to evaluate and ensure the continuous intellectual, social, and physical development of the student. The teacher must:

- A.** be able to assess student performance toward achievement of the Minnesota graduation standards under chapter 3501;
- B.** understand the characteristics, uses, advantages, and limitations of different types of assessments including criterion-referenced and norm-referenced instruments, traditional standardized and performance-based tests, observation systems, and assessments of student work;
- C.** understand the purpose of and differences between assessment and evaluation;
- D.** understand measurement theory and assessment-related issues, including validity, reliability, bias, and scoring concerns;
- E.** select, construct, and use assessment strategies, instruments, and technology appropriate to the learning outcomes being evaluated and to other diagnostic purposes;
- F.** use assessment to identify student strengths and promote student growth and to maximize student access to learning opportunities;
- G.** use varied and appropriate formal and informal assessment techniques including observation, portfolios of student work, teacher-made tests, performance tasks, projects, student self-assessments, peer assessment, and standardized tests;
- H.** use assessment data and other information about student experiences, learning behaviors, needs, and progress to increase knowledge of students, evaluate student progress and performance, and modify teaching and learning strategies;
- I.** implement students' self-assessment activities to help them identify their own strengths and needs and to encourage them to set personal goals for learning;
- J.** evaluate the effect of class activities on both individuals and the class as a whole using information gained through observation of classroom interactions, questioning, and analysis of student work;
- K.** monitor teaching strategies and behaviors in relation to student success to modify plans and instructional approaches to achieve student goals;
- L.** establish and maintain student records of work and performance; and
- M.** responsibly communicate student progress based on appropriate indicators to students, parents or guardians, and other colleagues.
- N.** use technology resources to collect and analyze data, interpret results, and communicate findings to improve instructional practice and maximize student learning.

Standard 9, Reflection and Professional Development.

A teacher must be a reflective practitioner who continually evaluates the effects of choices and actions on others, including students, parents, and other professionals in the learning community, and who actively seeks out opportunities for professional growth. The teacher must:

- A.** understand the historical and philosophical foundations of education;
- B.** understand methods of inquiry, self-assessment, and problem-solving strategies for use in professional self-assessment;
- C.** understand the influences of the teacher's behavior on student growth and learning;
- D.** know major areas of research on teaching and of resources available for professional development;
- E.** understand the role of reflection and self-assessment on continual learning;
- F.** understand the value of critical thinking and self-directed learning;
- G.** understand professional responsibility and the need to engage in and support appropriate professional practices for self and colleagues;
- H.** use classroom observation, information about students, and research as sources for evaluating the outcomes of teaching and learning and as a basis for reflecting on and revising practice;
- I.** use professional literature, colleagues, and other resources to support development as both a student and a

- teacher;
- J.** collaboratively use professional colleagues within the school and other professional arenas as supports for reflection, problem-solving, and new ideas, actively sharing experiences, and seeking and giving feedback;
- K.** understand standards of professional conduct in the Code of Ethics for Minnesota Teachers in part [8710.2100](#); and
- L.** understand the responsibility for obtaining and maintaining licensure, the role of the teacher as a public employee, and the purpose and contributions of educational organizations.
- M.** understand the role of continuous development in technology knowledge and skills representative of technology applications for education.

Standard 10, Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships.

A teacher must be able to communicate and interact with parents or guardians, families, school colleagues, and the community to support student learning and well-being. The teacher must:

- A.** understand schools as organizations within the larger community context and understand the operations of the relevant aspects of the systems within which the teacher works;
- B.** understand how factors in a student's environment outside of school, including family circumstances, community environments, health and economic conditions, may influence student life and learning;
- C.** understand student rights and teacher responsibilities to equal education, appropriate education for students with disabilities, confidentiality, privacy, appropriate treatment of students, and reporting in situations of known or suspected abuse or neglect;
- D.** understand the concept of addressing the needs of the whole learner;
- E.** understand the influence of use and misuse of tobacco, alcohol, drugs, and other chemicals on student life and learning;
- F.** understand data practices;
- G.** collaborate with other professionals to improve the overall learning environment for students;
- H.** collaborate in activities designed to make the entire school a productive learning environment;
- I.** consult with parents, counselors, teachers of other classes and activities within the school, and professionals in other community agencies to link student environments;
- J.** identify and use community resources to foster student learning;
- K.** establish productive relationships with parents and guardians in support of student learning and well-being; and
- L.** understand mandatory reporting laws and rules.
- M.** understand the social, ethical, legal and human issues surrounding the use of information and technology in prekindergarten through grade 12 schools and apply that understanding in practice.



EDU4353 - Secondary Student Teacher Evaluation Report - Form A-B

Introduction

Student

Date

2015-07-31

What percent of students are minority?

What percent of students have special needs?

Please indicate the days the MLC student was absent. *Click* to add additional rows.

Date absent	Reason
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Ministry Traits

Discuss in relation to service in the school and community.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

Comments

Minnesota Standards of Effective Practice for Teachers (adapted)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

1	2	3	4	5
Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

Standard 1: Subject Matter

1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 2: Student Learning

1. modifies plans/procedures to meet students' needs

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. promotes active learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 3: Diverse Learners



1. respects each student as a unique child of God

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. provides for differences among students

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 4: Instructional Strategies

1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses technological resources to enhance lessons

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 5: Learning Environment

1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. encourages and models Christian living among the students

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. is conscious of the "little" details that contribute to good order

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 6: Communication

1. has a pleasant and effective voice

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students

1 2 3 4 5

Comments



3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 7: Planning Instruction

1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans to integrate Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. integrates Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 8: Assessment

1. uses valid procedures to assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses technological tools to assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 9: Reflection and Professional Development

1. shows appropriate self-confidence

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is punctual and dependable in attendance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. displays leadership qualities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is well organized and efficient

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. displays initiative

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



9. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

10. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 10: Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships

1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is friendly when meeting people

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. relates well to others in social situations

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Narrative Evaluation

The Narrative Evaluation section (formerly Form B) provides information that will be used in the candidate's profile prepared for the WELS Assignment Committee.

Describe the candidate as a person:

Describe the candidate as an instructor:

Describe the candidate as a classroom manager:

Identify strengths shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught most effectively:

Identify weaknesses shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught least effectively:

Is this student teacher recommended to teach at the secondary level?

- Yes
 No

Additional comments:

Final Ratings for Student Teaching

See "[Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching](#)" for descriptions of rating choices.



Teaching:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable

Management:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable



EDU4353 - Secondary Music Student Teacher Evaluation Report - Form A-B

Introduction

Student

Date

2015-07-31

What percent of students are minority?

What percent of students have special needs?

Please indicate the days the MLC student was absent. *Click* to add additional rows.

Date absent	Reason
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Ministry Traits

Discuss in relation to service in the school and community.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

Comments

Minnesota Standards of Effective Practice for Teachers (adapted)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

1	2	3	4	5
Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

Standard 1: Subject Matter

1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 2: Student Learning

1. modifies plans/procedures to meet students' needs

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. promotes active learning

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation

1 2 3 4 5

Comments



Standard 3: Diverse Learners

1. respects each student as a unique child of God

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. provides for differences among students

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 4: Instructional Strategies

1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. has good command of standard conducting gestures

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is expressive and compelling in conducting gestures

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. uses technological resources to enhance lessons

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 5: Learning Environment

1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. encourages and models Christian living among the students

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. is conscious of the "little" details that contribute to good order

1 2 3 4 5

Comments



9. makes efficient use of rehearsal time

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 6: Communication

1. has a pleasant and effective voice

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 7: Planning Instruction

1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans to integrate Christian truths into music education lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. integrates Christian truths into music education lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. chooses sacred repertory that reflects the Law and the Gospel

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. chooses repertory that is interesting and challenging

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 8: Assessment

1. uses valid procedures to assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. detects errors in technique and performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. is able to correct errors in technique and performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. uses technological tools to assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



Standard 9: Reflection and Professional Development

1. shows appropriate self-confidence

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is punctual and dependable in attendance

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. displays leadership qualities

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is well organized and efficient

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. displays initiative

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. has a positive attitude toward music and the ensemble

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

9. strives for excellence in performance

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

10. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

11. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

12. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 10: Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships

1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is friendly when meeting people

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. relates well to others in social situations

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Narrative Evaluation

The Narrative Evaluation section (formerly Form B) provides information that will be used in the candidate's profile prepared for the WELS Assignment Committee.

Describe the candidate as a person:

Describe the candidate as an instructor:



Describe the candidate as a classroom manager:

Describe the candidate as a conductor:

Identify strengths in general shown by the candidate:

Identify strengths in music shown by the candidate:

Identify weaknesses in general shown by the candidate:

Identify weaknesses in music shown by the candidate:

Is the candidate recommended to teach at the secondary level?

Yes

No

Additional comments:

Final Ratings for Student Teaching

See "[Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching](#)" for descriptions of rating choices.

Teaching:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable

Management:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable



EDU4353 - Secondary Physical Education Student Teacher Evaluation Report - Form A-B

Introduction

Student	Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text" value="2017-07-25"/>
Teacher	School
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
What percent of students are minority?	What percent of students have special needs?
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Please indicate the days the MLC student was absent. *Click* to add additional rows.

Date absent	Reason
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Ministry Traits

Discuss in relation to service in the school and community.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

Comments

Minnesota Standards of Effective Practice for Teachers (adapted)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

1	2	3	4	5
Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

Standard 1: Subject Matter

1. demonstrates competence in content area subject matter

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. researches to enrich and update content area subject matter

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 2: Student Learning

1. modifies plans/movement opportunities to meet students' varying abilities

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. promotes active learning by maximizing student movement time

1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation and minimize inactivity

1 2 3 4 5

Comments



Standard 3: Diverse Learners

1. respects each student as a unique child of God

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. provides for differences among students by adjusting tasks based on student performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. Facilitates an inclusive environment for all students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 4: Instructional Strategies

1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses a variety of instructional resources to enhance lessons

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses technological resources to enhance lessons

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. uses effective teaching cues for skill instruction

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. utilizes effective and appropriate demonstration techniques

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 5: Learning Environment

1. creates and maintains a positive and productive learning environment

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. encourages and models Christian living among the students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. manages the entire class while working with smaller groups

Comments



- 1 2 3 4 5

8. is conscious of the "little" details that contribute to good order

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

9. ensures a physically and emotionally safe environment

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

10. strong and proactive supervision using proper teacher positioning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 6: Communication

1. has a strong and effective voice

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, and community

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 7: Planning Instruction

1. develops plans that give evidence of the components of a well-structured lesson

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans to integrate Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. integrates Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. connects disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. plans to integrate technology into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. plans for effective transitions and equipment distribution to maximize learning time

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. plans for student learning in the affective, cognitive and psychomotor domains

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 8: Assessment

1. uses valid procedures to formally assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. provides timely positive and specific feedback to students on the quality of their performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses available technological tools to assess student learning

Comments



1 2 3 4 5

4. makes use of multiple strategies/ tools to assess the three learning domains both with formative and summative assessments

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

Standard 9: Reflection and Professional Development

1. shows appropriate self-confidence

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

2. is punctual and dependable in attendance

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

4. displays leadership qualities

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

6. is well organized and efficient

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

7. displays initiative

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

8. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

9. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

10. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

11. is passionate for the subject matter

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

12. strives to demonstrate a healthy active lifestyle

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

Standard 10: Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships

1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

2. is friendly when meeting people

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

3. relates well to others in social situations

Comments

1 2 3 4 5

4. is organized and respectful in equipment usage

Comments

1 2 3 4 5



Narrative Evaluation

The Narrative Evaluation section (formerly Form B) provides information that will be used in the candidate's profile prepared for the WELS Assignment Committee.

Describe the candidate as a person:

Describe the candidate as an instructor:

Describe the candidate as a classroom manager:

Identify strengths shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught most effectively:

Identify weaknesses shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught least effectively:

Is this student teacher recommended to teach at the secondary level?

Yes

No

Additional comments:

Final Ratings for Student Teaching

See "[Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching](#)" for descriptions of rating choices.

Teaching:

Superior

Strong-Superior

Strong

Satisfactory-Strong

Satisfactory

Acceptable-Satisfactory

Acceptable

Management:

Superior

Strong-Superior

Strong

Satisfactory-Strong

Satisfactory

Acceptable-Satisfactory

Acceptable



EDU4353 - Special Education Student Teacher Evaluation Report - Form A-B

Introduction

Student

Date

Teacher

School

What percent of students are minority?

What percent of students have special needs?

Please indicate the days the MLC student was absent. *Click to add additional rows.*

Date absent	Reason
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Ministry Traits

Discuss in relation to service in the school and community.

- reflects faith in the Savior, Jesus Christ
- shows joy and enthusiasm for teaching
- shows dedication to the teaching ministry
- participates in school activities
- participates in community activities

Comments

Minnesota Standards of Effective Practice for Teachers (adapted)

Evaluate the trait, the ability, or the success of the student teacher in each of the items listed. Use the following:

1	2	3	4	5
Not evident	Inconsistent but developing	Proficient	Highly evident	Mastered at an exemplary level

Standard 1: Subject Matter

1. aligns educational standard to provide access to curriculum to meet the needs of individuals with disabilities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. evaluates research-based theories which lead to effective practices

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 2: Student Learning

1. modifies plans/procedures to meet students' needs

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans lessons that are developmentally appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. promotes active learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



4. plans activities/experiences to achieve maximum participation

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 3: Diverse Learners

1. respects each student as a unique child of God

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is sensitive to students' backgrounds and feelings

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. provides for differences among students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. evaluates progress toward achieving the goals and objectives of individuals with disabilities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. supports and uses linguistically and culturally responsive practices

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. applies knowledge of theories, evidence-based practices, and relevant laws to advocate for programs, supports, and services for individuals with disabilities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. designs and implements individualized education plans using knowledge of theories, evidence-based practice and relevant laws to provide services for individuals with disabilities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 4: Instructional Strategies

1. teaches lesson concepts logically and sequentially

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. utilizes teaching strategies which stimulate all levels of thinking skills

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. uses knowledge of the professional literature to improve practices with individuals with exceptionalities and their families

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. continues to broaden and deepen professional knowledge, and expand expertise with instructional technologies, curriculum standards, effective teaching strategies and assistive technologies

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. uses a variety of materials suitable to objective and functional level of student

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. uses appropriate wait time after questions

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 5: Learning Environment

1. establishes consistent classroom-based positive behavioral support practices

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



2. designs positive behavioral supports based on functional behavior assessments and uses data to monitor effectiveness of the intervention

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. encourages and models Christian living among the students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. speaks in a manner that gains the students' respect

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. uses disciplinary techniques which reflect Christian principles

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is flexible in dealing with unexpected situations

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. is consistent and persistent in letting students know what is expected

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. fosters an environment that is supportive of continuous instructional improvement and engages in the design and implementation of research and inquiry

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

9. ensures a physically and emotionally safe environment

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

10. maintains student involvement, interest, and functional level through appropriate pacing

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 6: Communication

1. has a pleasant and effective voice

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with students

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. demonstrates effective oral and written communication with co-workers, parents, caregivers, and community

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 7: Planning Instruction

1. uses advanced planning in selection and implementation of objectives, activities, and materials

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. plans to integrate Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. integrates Christian truths into lessons when appropriate

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 8: Assessment

1. uses valid and reliable assessment practices and the practices minimize bias

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



2. provides timely feedback to students on the quality of their performance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. designs and implements assessments to evaluate the effectiveness of practices and programs and is able to communicate results effectively

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses technological tools to assess student learning

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. provides feedback from recorded data to students, and parents or caregivers

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. accepts feedback and uses it to modify lesson

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 9: Reflection and Professional Development

1. shows appropriate self-confidence

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is punctual and dependable in attendance

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

3. exhibits professional dress and demeanor

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. displays leadership qualities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. is reliable in completing assigned tasks

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. is well organized and efficient

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

7. displays initiative

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

8. is able to accept and implement constructive criticism

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

9. makes appropriate self-evaluations of teaching

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

10. makes appropriate adjustments as a result of self-evaluation

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

11. actively participates in professional development and learning communities to increase professional knowledge and expertise

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Standard 10: Collaboration, Ethics, and Relationships

1. is considerate, courteous, and cooperative

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

2. is friendly when meeting people

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments



3. relates well to others in social situations

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

4. uses collaborative skills to improve programs, services, and outcomes for individuals with exceptionalities, including collaboration on advanced intervention and enrichment programs

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

5. collaborates to promote understanding, resolve conflicts, and build consensus for improving services, and outcomes for individuals with disabilities

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

6. consults and collaborates with regular education teachers and other professionals/paraprofessionals effectively

- 1 2 3 4 5

Comments

Narrative Evaluation

The Narrative Evaluation section (formerly Form B) provides information that will be used in the candidate's profile prepared for the WELS Assignment Committee.

Describe the candidate as a person:

Describe the candidate as an instructor:

Describe the candidate as a classroom manager:

Identify strengths shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught most effectively:

Identify weaknesses shown by the candidate:

Identify subjects taught least effectively:

Is this student teacher recommended to teach at the secondary level?

- Yes
 No

Additional comments:

Final Ratings for Student Teaching

See "[Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching](#)" for descriptions of rating choices.

Teaching:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable

Management:

- Superior
- Strong-Superior
- Strong
- Satisfactory-Strong
- Satisfactory
- Acceptable-Satisfactory
- Acceptable



Rubric for Final Ratings for Student Teaching

(for use in determining final ratings for teaching and management on Form A-B)

The final ratings of a student teacher are included in the information that is presented to the Assignment Committee for candidates for the teaching ministry. The ratings are determined jointly by the classroom supervisor and the college supervisor. The ratings for teaching and management may be a single word or a combination of two (e.g., satisfactory-strong).

Foundation

All Christian student teachers will

- reflect a Christ-centered attitude toward everyone
- convey the belief that all children will learn.
- reflect faith in Christ through words, actions, activities, and relationships
- show joy for teaching, learning, leading, and serving
- support students, co-workers, parents, and the church through active participation in school and congregational activities.

Teaching Rating

The **SUPERIOR** student teacher has the knowledge and skills to demonstrate masterfully, intuitively, and consistently an **exemplary** (i.e., above and beyond) level of

- initiative in the classroom (respectfully initiates ideas and gives help to students).
- ability to meet deadlines without prompting or excuses.
- lesson planning that includes well written and implemented plans.
- content knowledge, developmental principles, and ability to make concepts understandable.
- efficiency, creativity, and resourcefulness (creates and uses a wide variety of methods and materials).
- involvement of students in lessons through skillful questioning, discussions, and planned experiences.
- integration of subjects and God's Word where appropriate.
- use of assessments to support student learning.
- communication that is clear and articulate.
- implementation of changes in lessons based on suggestions and self-reflection.

The **STRONG** student teacher has the knowledge and skills to demonstrate naturally and consistently a **high degree of**

- initiative in the classroom (respectfully initiates ideas and gives help to students).
- ability to meet deadlines without prompting or excuses.
- lesson planning that includes well written and implemented plans.
- content knowledge, developmental principles, and ability to make concepts understandable.
- efficiency, creativity, and resourcefulness (creates and uses a variety of methods and materials).
- involvement of students in lessons through skillful questioning, discussions, and planned experiences.
- integration of subjects and God's Word where appropriate.
- use of assessments to support student learning.
- communication that is clear and articulate.
- implementation of changes in lessons based on suggestions and self-reflection.

The **SATISFACTORY** student teacher has the knowledge and skills to perform ably and consistently a **proficient level of**

- initiative in the classroom (respectfully initiates ideas and gives help to students).
- ability to meet deadlines without prompting or excuses.
- planning lessons that included well written and implemented plans.
- content knowledge, developmental principles, and ability to make concepts understandable.
- efficiency, creativity, and resourcefulness (creates and uses a variety of methods and materials).
- involvement of students in lessons through skillful questioning, discussions, and planned experiences.
- integration of subjects and God's Word where appropriate.
- use of assessments to support student learning.
- communication that is clear and articulate.
- implementing changes in lessons based on suggestions and self-reflection.

The **ACCEPTABLE** student teacher has beginning knowledge and **inconsistent, but developing** skills in

- initiative in the classroom (respectfully initiates ideas and gives help to students).
- meeting deadlines without prompting or excuses.
- planning lessons that includes well written and implemented plans.
- content knowledge, developmental principles, and ability to make concepts understandable.
- efficiency, creativity, and resourcefulness (creates and uses some variety of methods and materials).
- involvement of students in lessons through skillful questioning, discussions, and planned experiences.
- integration of subjects and God's Word where appropriate.
- use of assessments to support student learning.
- communication that is clear and articulate.
- implementation of changes in lessons based on suggestions and self-reflection.

Management Rating

The **SUPERIOR** classroom manager has the knowledge and skills to demonstrate masterfully, intuitively, and consistently an **exemplary** (i.e., above and beyond) level of

- support for students by keeping routines and procedures consistent.
- ability to state expectations clearly and enforce them consistently.
- leadership with diverse learners.
- use of God's Word in disciplining children.
- implementation of many and appropriate strategies for differentiating instruction.
- use of smooth transitions and maximizing time on task.
- flexibility to adjust to changes and to adapt lessons when needed and without help.
- development of positive relationships with the students while maintaining a professional demeanor.
- organizational skills before, during, and after preparation and teaching.

The **STRONG** classroom manager has the knowledge and skills to demonstrate naturally and consistently a **high degree** of

- support for students by keeping routines and procedures consistent.
- ability to state expectations clearly and enforce them consistently.
- leadership with diverse learners.
- use of God's Word in disciplining children.
- implementation of appropriate strategies for differentiating instruction.
- smooth transitions and time on task.
- flexibility to adjust to changes and to adapt lessons when needed.
- development of positive relationships with the students while maintaining a professional demeanor.
- organizational skills before, during, and after preparation and teaching.

The **SATISFACTORY** classroom manager has the knowledge and skills to demonstrate ably and consistently a **proficient level** of

- support for students by keeping routines and procedures consistent.
- ability to state expectations clearly and enforce them consistently.
- leadership with diverse learners.
- using God's Word in disciplining children.
- implementing appropriate strategies for differentiating instruction.
- smooth transitions and time on task.
- flexibility to adjust to changes and to adapt lessons when needed.
- developing positive relationships with the students while maintaining a professional demeanor.
- organization.

The **ACCEPTABLE** classroom manager has beginning knowledge and **inconsistent, but developing** skills in

- stating expectations clearly and enforcing them consistently.
- leadership with diverse learners.
- using God's Word in disciplining children.
- implementing appropriate strategies for differentiating instruction.
- transitions and time on task.
- flexibility to adjust to changes and to adapt lessons when needed.
- developing positive relationships with the students while maintaining a professional demeanor.
- organization.



Student Teaching Self Evaluation Form

Introduction

Student

Date

Areas of Interest

Check below areas of interest

- ECE
- Primary grades
- Intermediate grades
- Middle school
- One-room school
- Urban ministry
- World missions
- Principal
- Athletic Director
- Coach
- Organist
- Technology coordinator
- Tutor
- Spanish
- PE
- Art
- Band
- Cheerleading
- Choir
- Music
- Drama
- Forensics
- Speech
- Pioneers
- Sunday school
- Youth groups

Other Interests:

Evaluation

Technology skills:

- very capable
- capable
- limited

Indicate any involvement during your college years with evangelism, urban ministry or with individuals with special needs. Please include the type of experience (i.e., Daylight trips, MMA, Jesus Cares), location, and length.

List three of your strong points or characteristics.

List three of your weak points or characteristics.

Student Teaching Reflective Essay

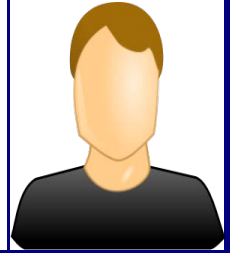
(a required Model of Evidence for Standard 9 in your portfolio)

Part I: Evaluate your student teaching experience in terms of the professional (spiritual, personal and academic) growth.

Part II: How do you plan to continue the professional growth that began during student teaching?

Elementary-Secondary**Assignment Location:****Duties:**

CANDIDATE	TEACHING	MANAGEMENT	RECOMMENDATION	MUSIC / PHY ED	LICENSURE
Jones, Justin P Lakeville, MN Age: 22 GPA: 2.68 Major: Elementary Education; Physical Education Minor: Coaching	<u>Elem</u> Accept-Satisfactory <u>Sec</u> Strong	<u>Elem</u> Satisfactory <u>Sec</u> Strong-Superior	<u>Grade(s):</u> 3-6 Up to two grades <u>Secondary:</u> All levels of PE No principalship Available for assignment	<u>Years of Choir:</u> 2 <u>Conducting:</u> No Conducting Course <u>Piano:</u> Easy <u>Phy Ed:</u> K-10 <u>PE Dir:</u> K-8 <u>Coach:</u> K-10 <u>Ath Dir:</u> K-8	Eligible for a K-6 Minnesota License. Eligible for a K-12 Elementary/Secondary Physical Education MN license.



PERSONAL Justin is a personable and hard-working young man who is willing to try new things and is always trying to improve himself. His appearance and mannerisms are professional. Justin has appropriate self-confidence and solid leadership skills. Justin works cooperatively with others and accepts constructive criticism with the resolve to make appropriate changes. At times, he may give the impression of going on the defensive when he has strong personal opinions. Overall, Justin's oral communication skills have improved while his written skills remain adequate. He is willing to do whatever is asked of him and is dependable in fulfilling his responsibilities. His initiative, resourcefulness, and creativity are inconsistent, as he learns to develop better routines for personal time management. Justin works hard to improve his organizational skills and has done so to an acceptable level of proficiency.

Marriage Plans and Community: No marriage plans. Community: Any

Self-Reported Interests: ELEM: Inter and Upper grades, Principalship, Coaching, PE, Athletic director, Youth groups. SEC: Prefers secondary. Possibly principalship, Science, Computers, Tutor, Athletic director, PE, Coaching soccer, basketball, football, and track, Self reported technology skills: capable

ELEMENTARY

-Teaching: (Grade 4, St. Mark, La Crosse, WI, 27 students) Justin struggled with getting lesson plans consistently completed in a timely manner. This caused his lessons to lack consistent flow and student engagement. Subject knowledge grew over the term, but Justin still lacked confidence in math and science. He had materials ready prior to instruction. Lesson presentations were inconsistent, showing choppy flow. Justin involved students in discussions, but struggled to keep them engaged with activities within the lesson. Questions and discussions were used effectively to encourage participation. He looked for more opportunities to incorporate higher order thinking questions. Justin taught enthusiastically with a good variety of techniques. He was encouraged to enhance and stretch lesson content beyond the textbook. Justin integrated subjects and God's Word into his lessons toward the end of the session.

-Management: Justin was able to follow established routines and procedures well. He did an acceptable job of keeping up with correcting and grading of student work. Justin continued to grow in implementation and execution of management strategies. His expectations were often clearly stated, but enforcement was usually more reactive than proactive. Justin saw the need to attend to the small details that contribute to good order. Transitions and time management grew to be satisfactory. His rapport with the students was very good, maintaining a level of approachability while still being their teacher.

-Public School: (Grade 3, Sleepy Eye Elementary School, Sleepy Eye) Justin impressed with his professional dress and demeanor. Justin continued to grow in his knowledge of the students' background knowledge. He taught prepared presentations that had clearly stated objectives. Justin followed the classroom teacher's methods of classroom management.

SECONDARY

-Teaching: (West LHS, Plymouth, MN, Subjects taught: PE 9-12, Religion 9) Justin provided lesson plans that contained sufficient attention to detail and prepared himself well to deliver them. He demonstrated strong content knowledge for PE activities and a solid understanding of Scripture in order to guide young learners. The activities that Justin planned gave evidence of variety, and he was able to teach from units and materials that were self-created. He even introduced a Team Building unit that was new to the school. Justin was especially effective with underclassmen. He had adequate questioning skills in a classroom setting. Justin showed that he was comfortable sharing the truths of God's Word and did his best to answer his students' questions.

-Management: Justin maintained established routines and procedures. He remained current with correcting and grading of students' work, evidence of improved organizational skills. Justin was authoritative and as such did not hesitate to assert himself to regain attentiveness. He clearly desired orderliness over chaos. Justin projected a presence. Expectations were clearly articulated and enforced with consistency. Justin was also flexible in dealing with change. Maintaining a professional yet approachable relationship with students was something that Justin was able to accomplish.

-Public School: (Grades 5-8 PE/Health, GFW Middle School, Fairfax) Justin had good subject matter background for both PE and Health and taught all classes with confidence. He did well in keeping students engaged and could adjust both his style and his expectations to best serve his learners. Justin learned how to project an authoritative presence, especially in managing large groups of students in open areas. He showed strong organizational skills and dependability in completing tasks in a timely manner.